

X20IF10G3-1

Data sheet
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1 General information

1.1 Other applicable documents

For additional and supplementary information, see the following documents.

Other applicable documents

Document name	Title
MAX20	X20 System user's manual

1.2 Order data


Order number	Short description	Figure
	X20 interface module communication	
X20IF10G3-1	X20 interface module for DTM configuration, 1 EtherCAT slave interface, electrically isolated	

Table 1: X20IF10G3-1 - Order data

Optional accessories

Model number	Short description
X20CA0E61.xxxxx	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 0.2 to 20 m
X20CA0E61.xxxx	POWERLINK/Ethernet connection cable, RJ45 to RJ45, 20 m and longer

1.3 Module description

The interface module is equipped with an EtherCAT interface. This allows the B&R system (I/O modules, POWERLINK, etc.) to be connected to systems from other manufacturers and makes it possible to quickly and easily transfer data in both directions.

The interface is equipped with 2 RJ45 connections. Both connections result in an integrated switch. This makes it easy to implement daisy chain cabling.

Functions:

- [EtherCAT slave](#)
- [Error monitoring](#)

EtherCAT

EtherCAT is an Ethernet-based fieldbus developed by Beckhoff. This protocol is suitable for both hard and soft real-time requirements in automation technology.

Error monitoring

The status of the module and fieldbus is monitored. An error code is returned if an error occurs.

2 Technical description

2.1 Technical data

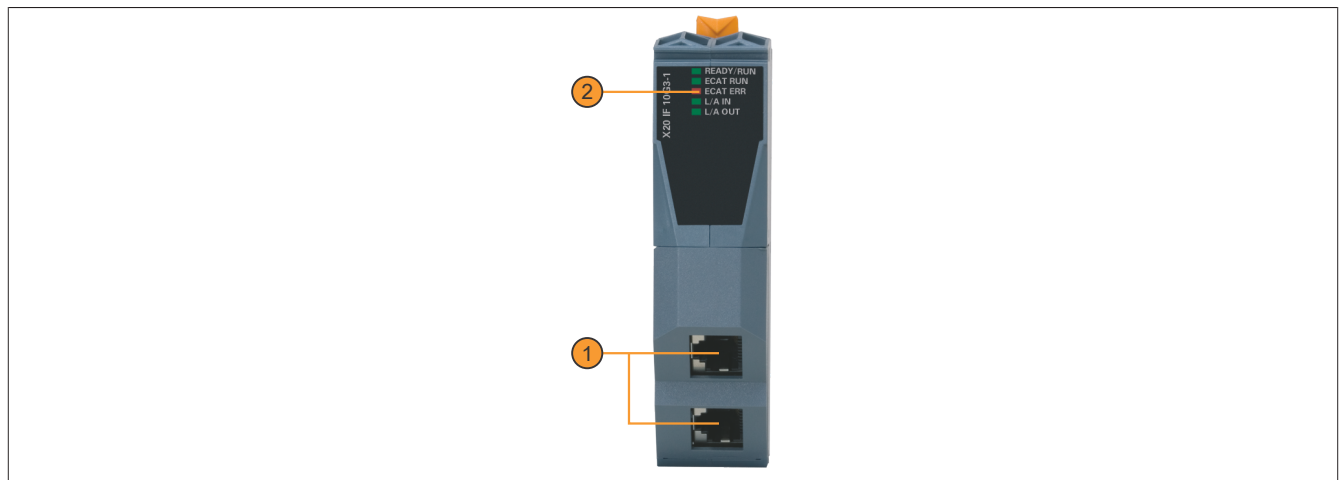
Order number	X20IF10G3-1
Short description	
Communication module	EtherCAT slave
General information	
B&R ID code	0xA72C
Status indicators	Module status, network status, data transfer
Diagnostics	
Module status	Yes, using LED status indicator and software
Network status	Yes, using LED status indicator and software
Data transfer	Yes, using LED status indicator
Power consumption	2 W
Additional power dissipation caused by actuators (resistive) [W]	-
Certifications	
CE	Yes
UKCA	Yes
ATEX	Zone 2, II 3G Ex nA nC IIA T5 Gc IP20, Ta (see X20 user's manual) FTZÜ 09 ATEX 0083X
UL	cULus E115267 Industrial control equipment
HazLoc	cCSAus 244665 Process control equipment for hazardous locations Class I, Division 2, Groups ABCD, T5
DNV	Temperature: B (0 to 55°C) Humidity: B (up to 100%) Vibration: B (4 g) EMC: B (bridge and open deck)
CCS	Yes
LR	ENV1
KR	Yes
ABS	Yes
BV	EC33B Temperature: 5 - 55°C Vibration: 4 g EMC: Bridge and open deck
KC	Yes
Interfaces	
Fieldbus	EtherCAT (slave)
Variant	2x shielded RJ45
Line length	Max. 100 m between 2 stations (segment length)
Transfer rate	100 Mbit/s
Transfer	
Physical layer	100BASE-TX
Half-duplex	No
Full-duplex	Yes
Autonegotiation	Yes
Auto-MDI/MDIX	Yes
Controller	netX100
Electrical properties	
Electrical isolation	PLC isolated from EtherCAT (IF1 and IF2)
Operating conditions	
Mounting orientation	
Horizontal	Yes
Vertical	Yes
Installation elevation above sea level	
0 to 2000 m	No limitation
>2000 m	Reduction of ambient temperature by 0.5°C per 100 m
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP20

Table 2: X20IF10G3-1 - Technical data

Order number	X20IF10G3-1	
Ambient conditions		
Temperature		
Operation		
Horizontal mounting orientation	-25 to 60°C	
Vertical mounting orientation	-25 to 50°C	
Derating	-	
Storage	-40 to 85°C	
Transport	-40 to 85°C	
Relative humidity		
Operation	5 to 95%, non-condensing	
Storage	5 to 95%, non-condensing	
Transport	5 to 95%, non-condensing	
Mechanical properties		
Slot	In the X20 PLC and expandable bus controller X20BC1083	

Table 2: X20IF10G3-1 - Technical data

2.2 Operating and connection elements

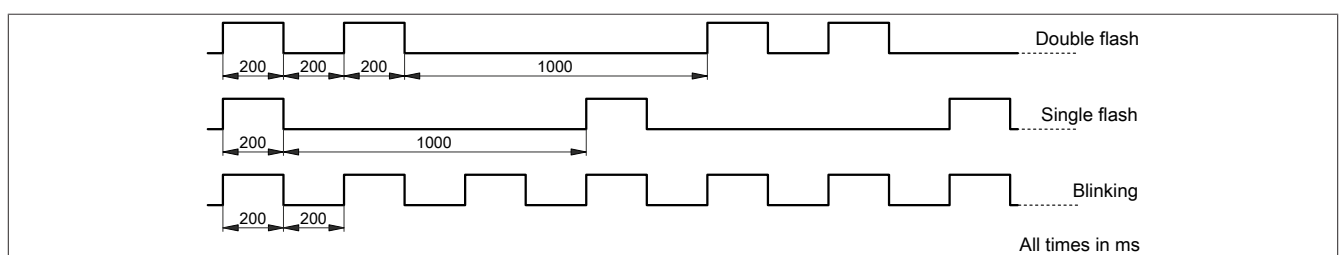


1	EtherCAT connection with 2x RJ45 for simple wiring	2	LED status indicators
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2.2.1 LED status indicators

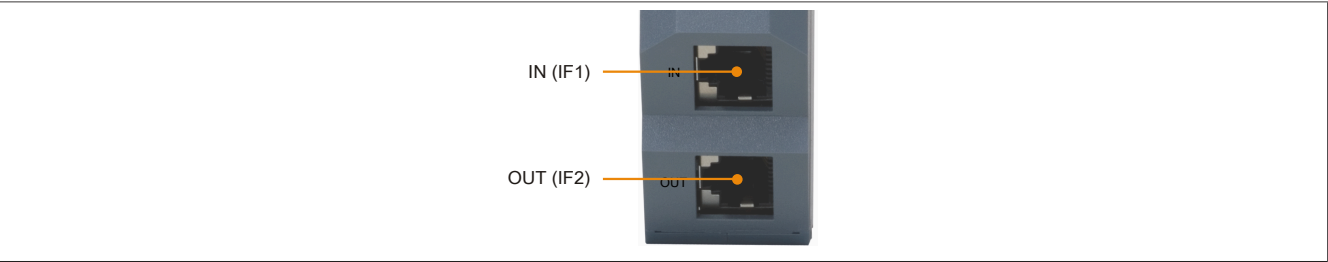
Figure	LED	Color	Status	Description
	READY/RUN	Green/Red	Off	No power to module
		Red	Blinking	Boot error
		Green	On	Communication on the PCI bus has not yet been started
	ECAT RUN	Green	On	PCI bus communication in progress
			Off	Status INIT
			Single flash	Status SAFE-OPERATIONAL
			Blinking	Status PREOPERATIONAL
	ECAT ERR	Red	On	Status OPERATIONAL
			Off	No error
			Single flash	Internal module error, EtherCAT status changed by module
			Double flash	Watchdog timeout (process data watchdog or EtherCAT watchdog)
	L/A IN L/A OUT	Green	Blinking	Invalid configuration data
			On	Critical communication or application error
			Off	No physical Ethernet connection (PORT CLOSED)
			Blinking	The respective LED blinks when Ethernet activity is taking place (PORT OPEN) on the corresponding RJ45 interface (in, out).
			On	Connection (link) established, but no communication taking place (PORT OPEN)

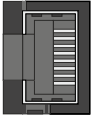
LED status indicators - Blink times



2.2.2 Ethernet interface

For information about wiring X20 modules with an Ethernet interface, see section "Mechanical and electrical configuration - Wiring guidelines for X20 modules with Ethernet cables" in the X20 user's manual.



Interface	Pinout		
	Pin	Ethernet	
 1 Shielded RJ45	1	RXD	Receive data
	2	RXD\	Receive data\
	3	TXD	Transmit data
	4	Termination	
	5	Termination	
	6	TXD\	Transmit data\
	7	Termination	
	8	Termination	

3 Function description

3.1 EtherCAT

EtherCAT is an Ethernet-based fieldbus developed by Beckhoff. This protocol is suitable for both hard and soft real-time requirements in automation technology. In addition to a ring structure, which becomes logically necessary because of the summation frame telegram used, the EtherCAT technology also physically supports topologies such as line, tree, star (limited) and combinations of these topologies. B&R's X20BC80G3 (expandable bus controller module) and X20HB88G0 (standalone junction base module) are available for implementing these topologies.

EtherCAT slave devices take the data designated for them from a telegram as it is passing through the device. Input data is also added to the telegram as it is passing through.

Master systems without FoE (File access over EtherCAT) support require an appropriate configuration tool to transfer the configuration (optional).

For additional information, see [The EtherCAT interface](#).

3.2 Error codes

The module returns an error code if an error occurs. A complete list of all error codes in PDF format is available under item "Communication_Error" in section "Communication / Fieldbus systems / Support with FDT/DTM / Diagnostic functions / Diagnostics on the runtime system / Master diagnostics" in Automation Help.

3.3 Supported protocols and functions

Supported protocols:

- File access over EtherCAT (FoE object)
- Complete access (supported since firmware version 18)
 - Enabled: Objects are read or written with all existing subindices.
 - Disabled: Objects are only read or written with the specific subindex.

Additional supported functions:

- 32-bit "distributed clocks" function

Unsupported functions:

- Reading and writing a logical memory area (LRW)

4 Commissioning

4.1 Firmware

The module comes with preinstalled firmware. The firmware is part of the Automation Studio project. The module is automatically brought up to this level.

A hardware upgrade must be performed to upgrade the firmware included in Automation Studio (see Help "Project management - Workspace - Upgrades" in Automation Help).

4.2 Operating the module

The interface module can be operated in the slot of a controller or in the slot of an expandable POWERLINK bus controller.

4.2.1 Use in the expandable X20BC1083 POWERLINK bus controller

4.2.1.1 Cyclic data

If this module is connected to the expandable POWERLINK bus controller, the amount of cyclic data is limited by the POWERLINK frame. This is 1488 bytes each in the input and output directions.

When using multiple X20IF10xx-1 interfaces or other X2X modules with a POWERLINK bus controller, the 1488 bytes are divided between all connected modules.

4.2.1.2 Operation

It is important to note the following in order to operate the module with the bus controller without problems:

- A minimum revision $\geq E0$ is required for the bus controller.
- The module can only be operated with the POWERLINK V2 setting. V1 is not permitted.
- With SDO access to POWERLINK object 0x1011/1 on the bus controller, the firmware and configuration stored on the bus controller are not reset. They can only be overwritten by accessing them again. This affects objects 0x20C0 and 0x20C8, subindexes 92 to 95.

4.2.1.3 Timing characteristics

The internal data transfer results in an additional runtime shift of one cycle per direction.

**Information:**

For additional information about runtime behavior, see section "Runtime shift" in X20BC1083.

5 The EtherCAT interface

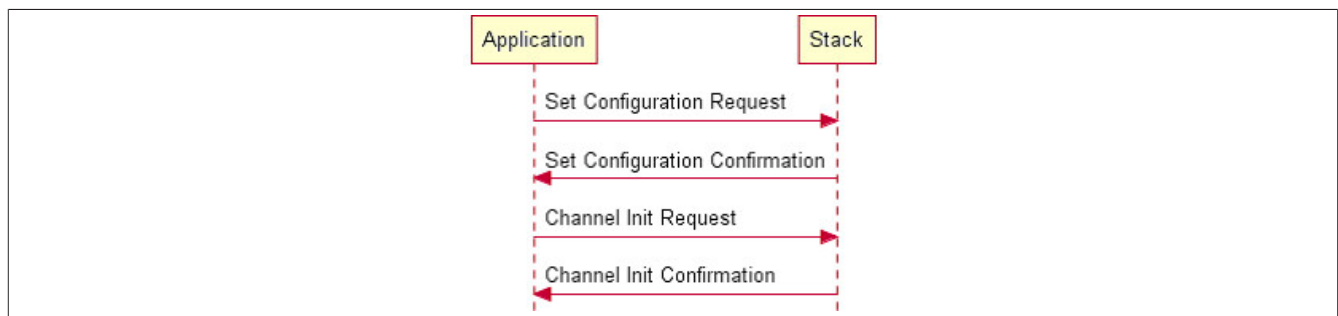
From an Ethernet standpoint, the EtherCAT bus is simply a single large Ethernet station. This "station" receives and transmits Ethernet telegrams. The station does not include an Ethernet controller with downstream microprocessor, however, but rather a large number of EtherCAT slaves. These slaves process the incoming telegrams during the cycle and extract the relevant payload data or add it and then forward the telegram to the next EtherCAT slave. The last EtherCAT slave then returns the now fully processed telegram so that it will be sent back to the master by the first slave as a kind of response telegram. This procedure utilizes the fact that Ethernet deals separately with transfers in separate directions (Tx and Rx lines) and operates in full-duplex mode.

The telegrams are processed in a continuous process. While the telegrams are already being sent on, delayed by just a few bits, the slave recognizes certain commands for itself and executes them accordingly. Processing takes place in the hardware and is therefore independent of the response times of the slave. Each station has an addressable memory area of 64 kB, within which it is possible to read, write or write and read simultaneously. Several EtherCAT commands can be embedded within an Ethernet telegram, each of which addresses individual stations and/or memory areas.

5.1 Startup sequence

Switching on the power triggers the module initialization phase. These contain basic information such as vendor ID and product code. Then comes channel initialization. The new configurations and parameters are sent to the stack. The stack is then ready to start communicating with the EtherCAT master. The LED "READY/RUN" (see ["LED status indicators" on page 5](#)) on the interface module indicates any problems during startup by blinking in a certain pattern.

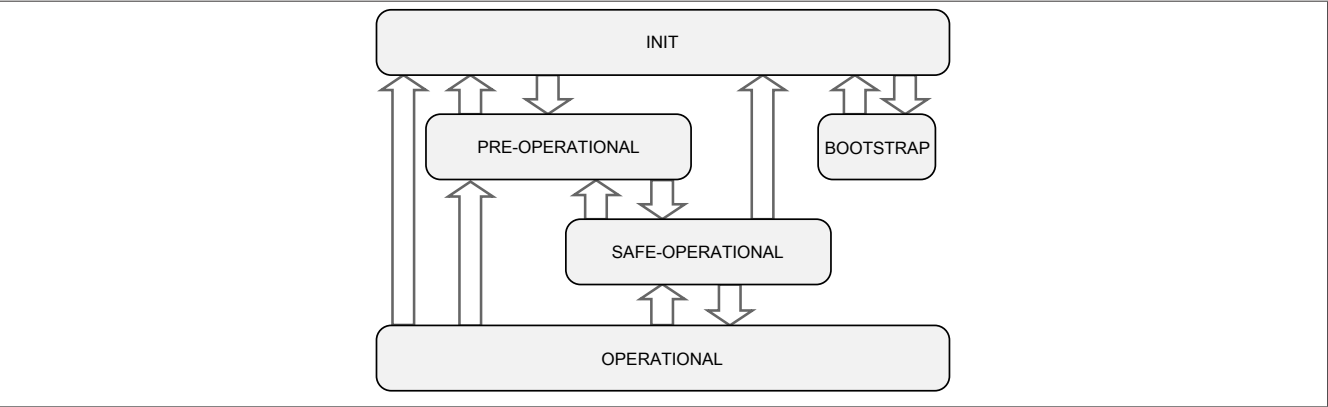
Startup sequence



Operating status

Status	Description
INIT	The EtherCAT is being initialized. No process data is being exchanged yet.
PREOPERATIONAL	The master and slave are not yet operable but are exchanging parameter data acyclically via the mailbox. No process data is being exchanged yet.
SAFE-OPERATIONAL	The EtherCAT slave can process input data. Output data is in status "SAFE"
OPERATIONAL	The EtherCAT slave is operational.
BOOTSTRAP	Permitted according to EtherCAT specification but not necessary.

The following diagram shows the possible status changes within the module.



5.2 Object dictionary

The object dictionary is divided into different, clearly defined areas. For detailed information about the objects, see the EtherCAT specification.

Index	Area	Description
0x0000 to 0x0FFF	Data type area	Definition and description of data types
0x1000 to 0x1FFF	Communication area	Definition of generally valid variables. (Communication objects for all devices are defined in CANopen standard DS301.)
0x2000 to 0x5FFF	Manufacturer-specific area	Definition of manufacturer-specific variables
0x6000 to 0x9FFF	Profile area	Definition of profile-related variables
0xA000 to 0xFFFF	Reserved	Reserved

5.3 AL status codes

The AL status code reflects the current slave error state. It is located in the ESC register and can be read out by the master.

List of standard EtherCAT AL status codes

Code	Description
0x0000	No error
0x0001	Unspecified error
0x0011	Invalid requested state change
0x0012	Unknown requested state
0x0013	Bootstrap not supported
0x0014	No valid firmware
0x0015	Invalid mailbox configuration (BOOTSTRAP)
0x0016	Invalid mailbox configuration (PREOP)
0x0017	Invalid sync manager configuration
0x0018	No valid inputs available
0x0019	No valid outputs available
0x001A	Synchronization error
0x001B	Sync manager watchdog
0x001C	Invalid sync manager type
0x001D	Invalid output configuration
0x001E	Invalid input configuration
0x001F	Invalid watchdog configuration
0x0020	Slave needs cold start
0x0021	Slave needs "INIT"
0x0022	Slave needs "PREOP"
0x0023	Slave needs "SAFEOP"
0x002D	Invalid output "FMMU" configuration
0x002E	Invalid input "FMMU" configuration
0x0030	Invalid DC "SYNCH" configuration
0x0031	Invalid DC latch configuration
0x0032	"PLL" error
0x0033	Invalid DC I/O error
0x0034	Invalid DC timeout error
0x0042	"MBX_EOE"
0x0043	"MBX_COE"
0x0044	"MBX_FOE"
0x0045	"MBX_SOE"
0x004F	"MBX_VOE"
0x0050 to 0x8000	Reserved
0x800 to 0xFFFF	Vendor-specific

If the standard EtherCAT error code does not sufficiently describe the current error, then the status error code with an offset of "0x8000" (vendor-specific range) will be written to the "AL status code register".

Supported vendor-specific AL status codes

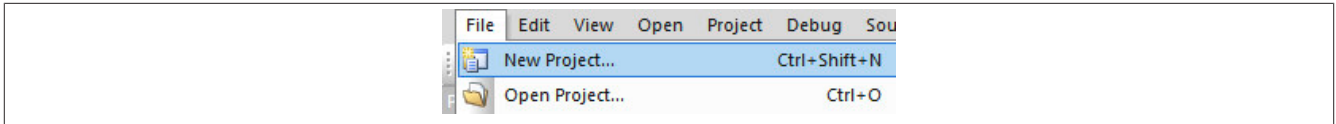
Value	AL status code
0x8000	ECAT_AL_STATUS_CODE_HOST_NOT_READY
0x8001	ECAT_AL_STATUS_CODE_IO_DATA_SIZE_NOT_CONFIGURED
0x8002	ECAT_AL_STATUS_CODE_DPM_HOST_WATCHDOG_TRIGGERED
0x8003	ECAT_AL_STATUS_CODE_DC_CFG_INVALID
0x8004	ECAT_AL_STATUS_CODE_FIRMWARE_IS_BOOTING
0x8005	ECAT_AL_STATUS_CODE_WARMSTART_REQUESTED
0x8006	ECAT_AL_STATUS_CODE_CHANNEL_INIT_REQUESTED
0x8007	ECAT_AL_STATUS_CODE_CONFIGURATION_CLEARED

5.4 Settings in Automation Studio

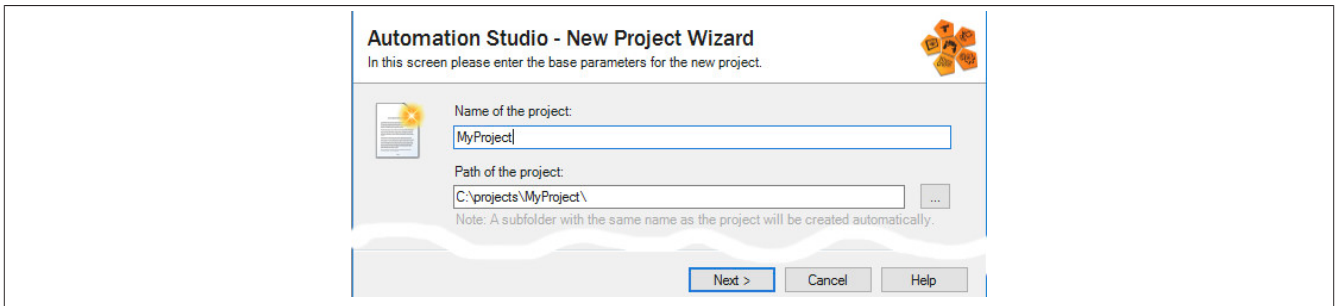
To configure the interface, a new Automation Studio project is created and the suitable settings are made on the module.

5.4.1 Creating an Automation Studio project

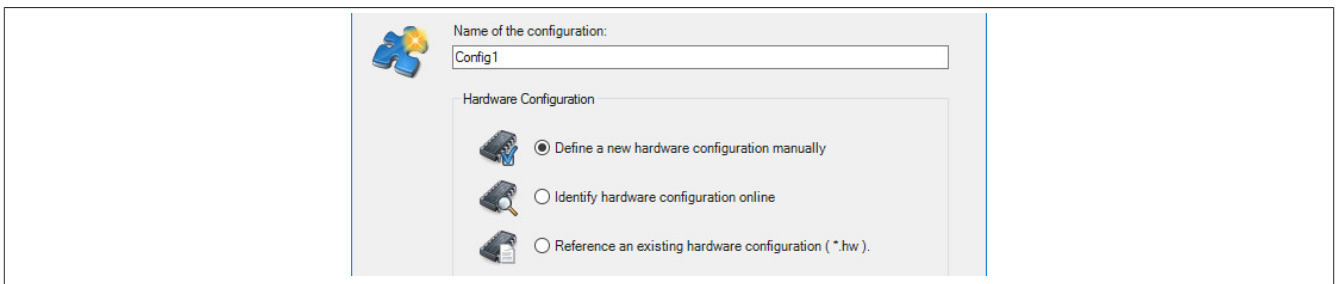
- Create a new Automation Studio project by selecting "New project".



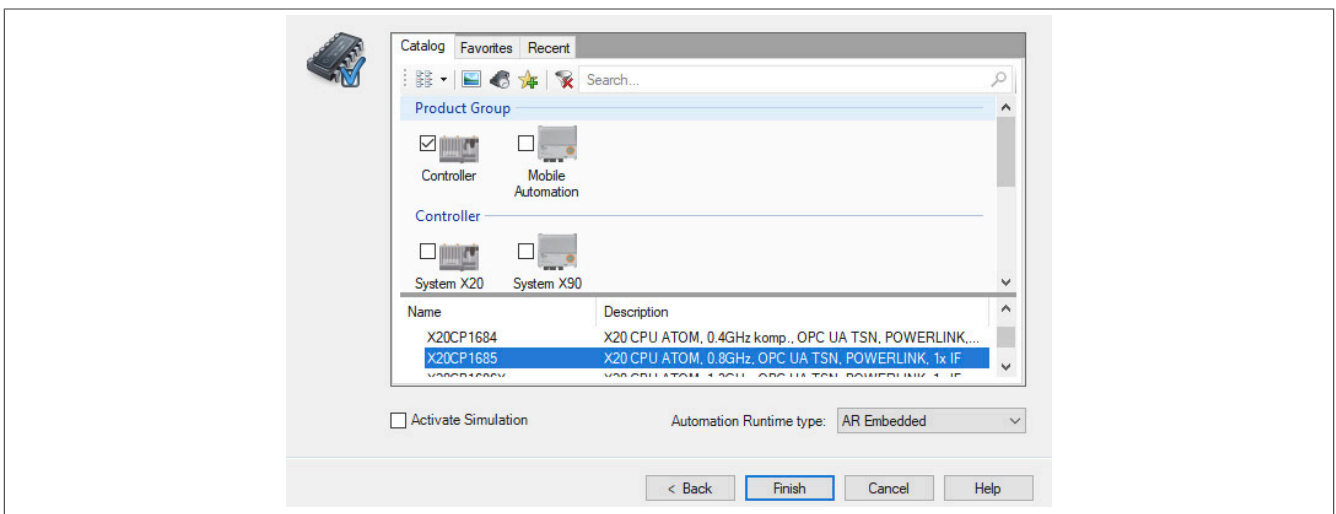
- Assign a project name and set up the project path.



- The type of hardware configuration is selected, and the name of the configuration is assigned.

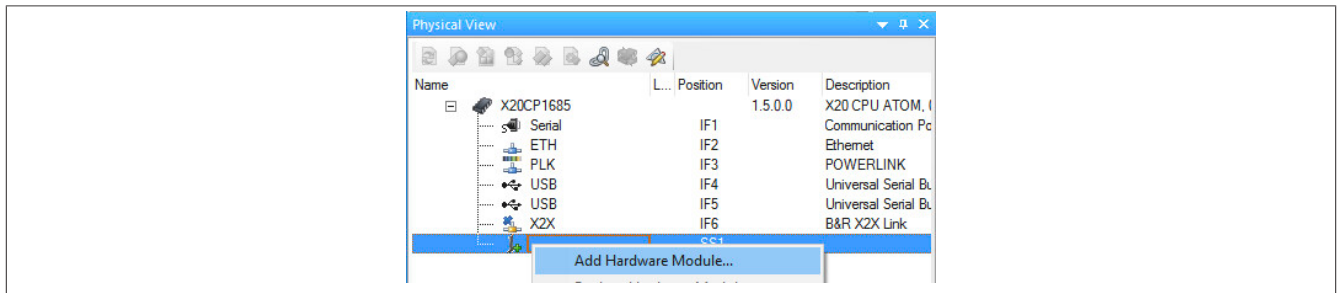


- If "Define a new hardware configuration manually" was selected, the hardware is selected in the next step. In order to simplify the search, different filters can be set for this in the Hardware Catalog. Finally, the Automation Studio project is created by selecting the required hardware and clicking "Finish".

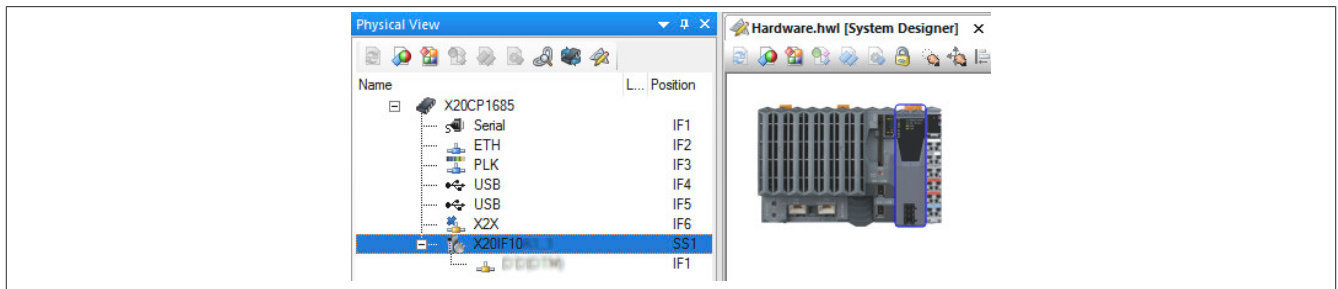


5.4.2 Adding and configuring the interface module

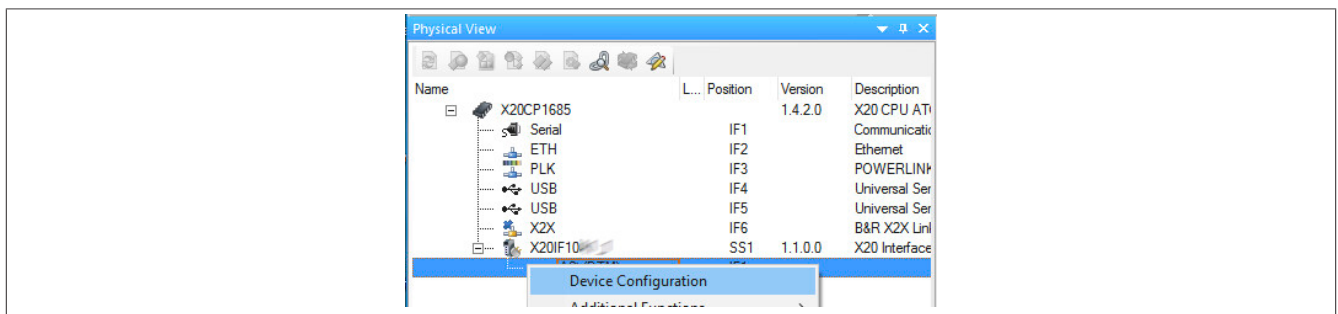
- In this example, the interface card is connected in the slot of a controller. Right-clicking on the slot and selecting "Add hardware module" opens the Hardware Catalog.



- The module is added to the project via drag-and-drop or by double-clicking on the interface card.



- Additional module settings can be made under "Device configuration". This configuration environment is opened by right-clicking on the IF interface and selecting "Device configuration".



Information:

The settings on the slave must match the settings of the corresponding device description file; otherwise, no connection can be established.

The EtherCAT interface

- General settings are made in the device configuration.

5.4.2.1 General settings

- Bus startup

It is possible here to select how data exchange is started on the module.

Parameter	Explanation
Automatically by device ¹⁾	Data exchange is started automatically after the module is initialized.
Controlled by application	Data exchange is started by Automation Runtime.

- 1) If "Automatically by device" is used, it is possible that the interface module already boots up and establishes a connection to the remote station before the entire system has booted up. If the system requires another restart during startup, however, the interface module will also be restarted.
Note: In some situations, this may mean that a connection can no longer be established with the remote station.



Information:

"Controlled by application" should preferably be used on the expandable POWERLINK bus controller.

- Watchdog time

The watchdog is triggered as soon as it receives no feedback after the set "Watchdog time" has expired. In this case, **AL status code** 0x8002 is output.

Parameter	Explanation	Values
Watchdog time	Software watchdog disabled	0 ms
	Permissible range of values.	20 to 65535 ms
	Default value: 1000 ms	



Information:

The watchdog time is reset automatically by Automation Runtime.

- Ident

Settings such as the vendor ID or product code can be read out or adjusted here.

Parameter	Explanation	Default value	Subindex (in object 0x1018)
Vendor ID	Manufacturer identification of the EtherCAT device	0x0000006C (B&R vendor ID)	1
Product code	Product code of the device	0xA72C (product code of the X20IF10G3-1)	2
Revision number	Manufacturer revision number of the device	0x20000	3
Serial number	Serial number of the device	0	4

To be able to change the identifier, checkbox "Enable" must be selected.



Information:

Care should be taken when changing the identifier parameters. Problems could arise when establishing a connection since the identifier data is compared in the process. The changed data must also be adjusted on the master side in order to avoid communication errors.

- Data

The length of the input and output data as well as the pulse length can be adjusted.

Parameter	Explanation	Default value	Maximum value
Input data bytes	Number of input process data bytes	200 bytes	256 bytes
Output data bytes	Number of output process data bytes	200 bytes	256 bytes
Sync impulse length	Length of the synchronization pulse (optional)	100 (corresponds to 1000 ns)	65535 (655350 ns)

5.4.2.2 Signal configuration

The current signal configuration of the PDOs is displayed here.

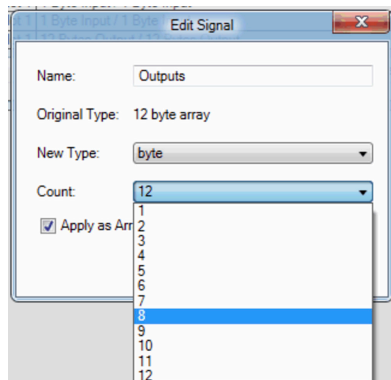
Parameter	Explanation
Name	Signal type
Type	Data type
Offset	Offset of the signal

After right-clicking on the signal to be configured, the following options can be selected in the shortcut menu:

- Edit signal**

This allows the currently selected signal to be edited.

Parameter	Explanation
Name	The new name for the signal
New type	The new data type for the signal
Count	Number of individually listed data type elements for the signal. Only the data of the original type is restructured; the quantity is not adjusted. - The maximum number corresponds to the quantity that the new data type requires to display the original type. - If fewer elements are selected, the last data type element is listed as an array of all remaining elements.
Apply as array	If selected, the new data type is displayed as an array. Otherwise, the data type elements set under "Count" are displayed.



Slot 4 / Subslot 1 12 Bytes Output / 12 Bytes Output			
Name	Type	Offset	
Outputs	12 byte array	0	
Outputs_Byte_0	byte	0	
Outputs_Byte_1	byte	1	
Outputs_Byte_2	byte	2	
Outputs_Byte_3	byte	3	
Outputs_Byte_4	byte	4	
Outputs_Byte_5	byte	5	
Outputs_Byte_6	byte	6	
Outputs_Byte_7	byte	7	
Outputs_Byte_8	4 byte array	8	

- Reset**

This can be used to undo the signal change or a merge previously completed with "Merge signal".

- Merge signal**

This allows all signals between "First in group" and "Last in group" to be merged to form a new group. The same settings can be made for the new group as under "Edit signal".

5.4.2.3 XML DDF viewer

The contents of the DDF device description file can be viewed and searched here.

5.5 Settings for synchronous data exchange between the B&R system and EtherCAT bus

The settings specified in this section should be understood as basic settings for an easier understanding of the "synchronous data exchange" function. Different settings may be necessary in special use cases.



Information:

Synchronous data exchange is only possible if the module is used directly on a controller. POWERLINK bus controller X20BC1083 cannot be used.

5.5.1 System requirements and limitations for synchronous data exchange



Information:

To ensure synchronous data exchange between the EtherCAT bus and the B&R system, the controller's system timer must be synchronized with either the X2X or POWERLINK clock.



Information:

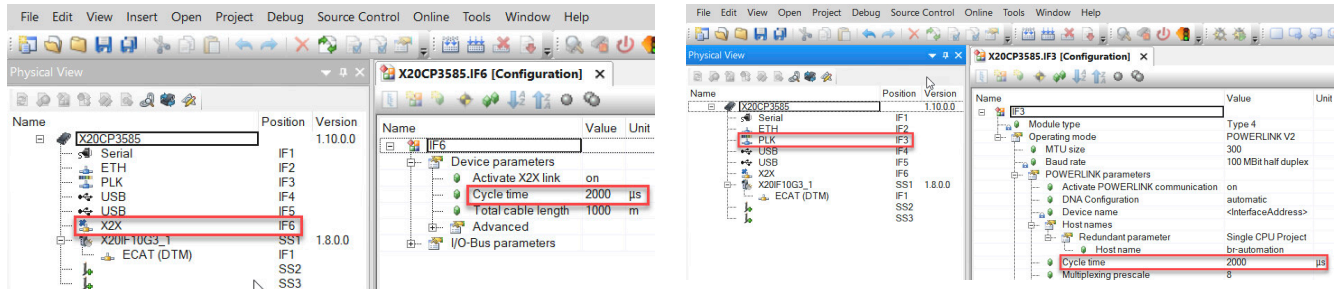
The minimum EtherCAT cycle time for synchronous data exchange is 500 μ s.

System requirements

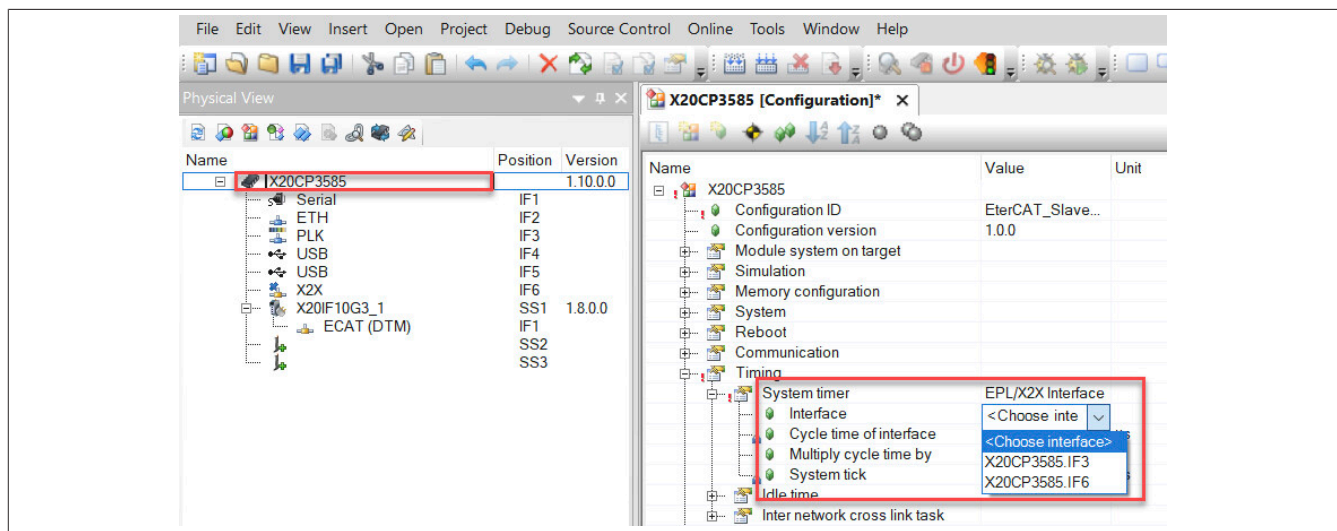
- Hardware upgrade \geq 1.9.0.0
- Automation Runtime version \geq L4.93

5.5.2 Settings in Automation Studio

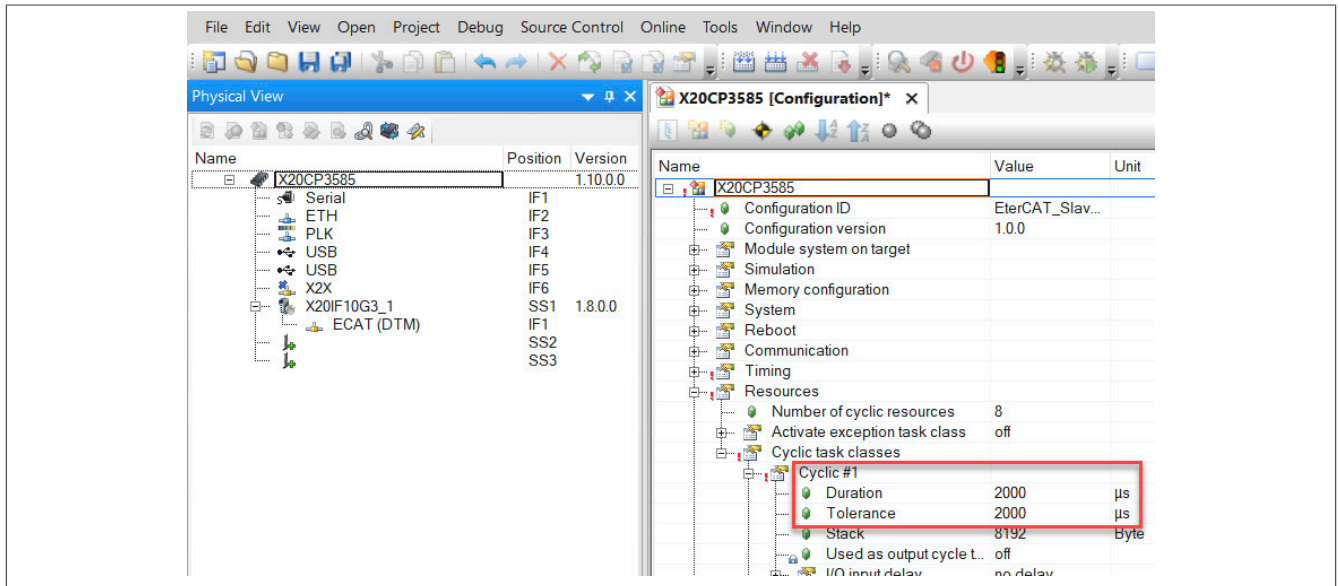
- First set the desired cycle time on the X2X or POWERLINK interface.



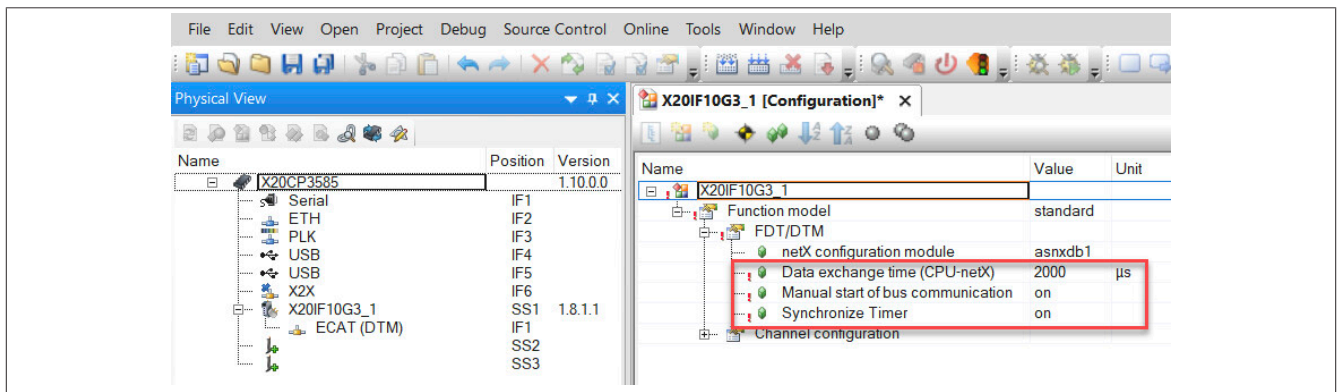
- Couple the system timer with the X2X or POWERLINK clock.



- The optimal response time is achieved if the application is running in task class Cyclic#1 and the cycle time of the task class corresponds to the EtherCAT bus cycle time.

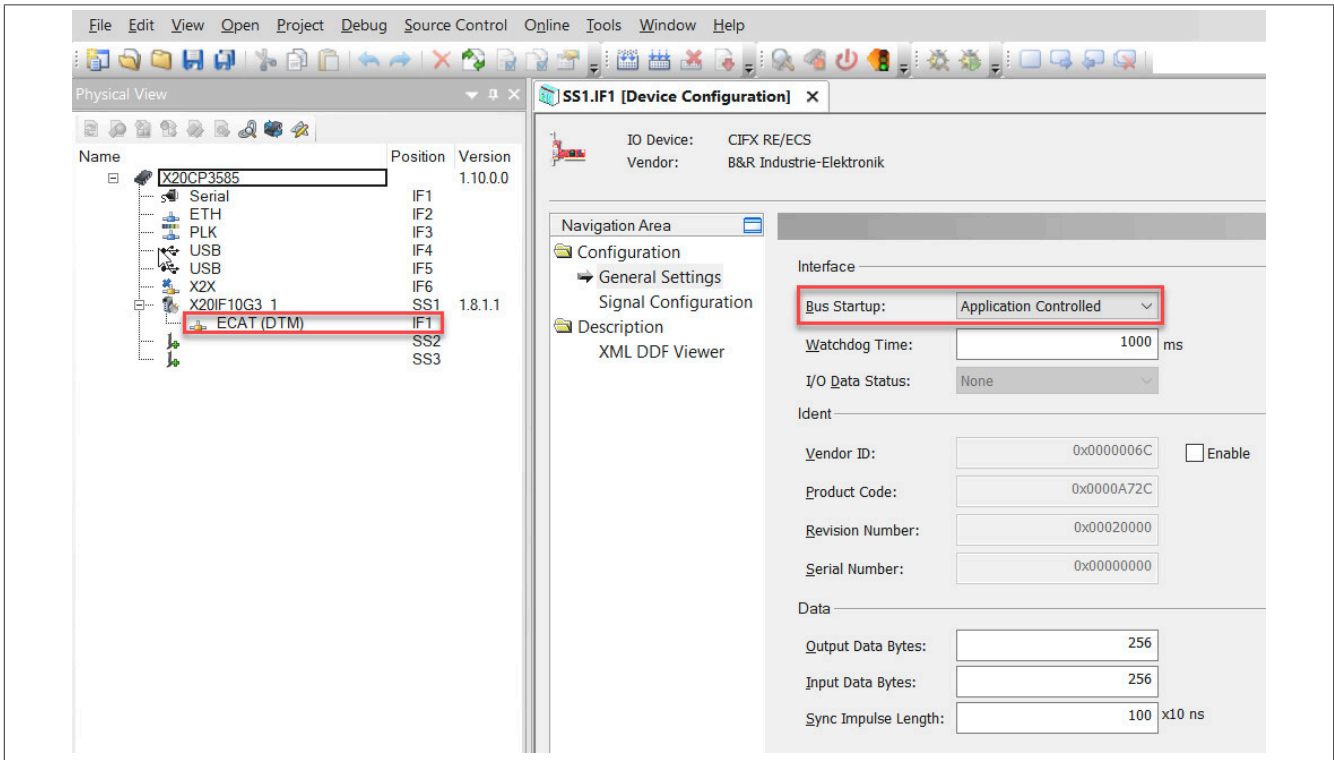


- Adjust "Data exchange time" on the EtherCAT slave to the system cycle time (X2X Link or POWERLINK), enable timer synchronization and "Manual start of bus communication".

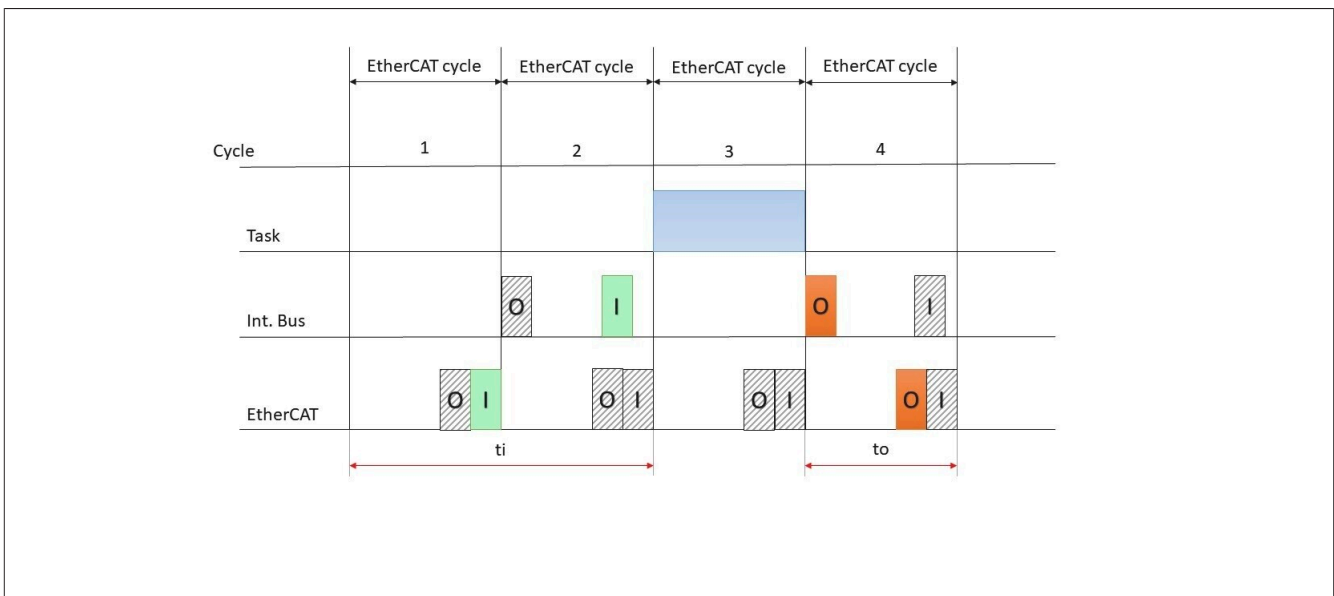


5.5.3 Device configuration in the EtherCAT slave DTM

- In section "General settings", change the bus startup to "Application controlled".



Input/Output latency diagram



Information:

The EtherCAT slave retransmits the old output data if the application has not finished updating the data by the time the next bus cycle starts.

5.5.4 Starting bus communication

- Bus communication must be started manually using function block "nxecsStartBusComm()" from library "AsNxEcS".

5.6 ESI device description file

The module description is made available to the master in an ESI file. This text file is a general description of the slave. The ESI file can be downloaded from the B&R website (www.br-automation.com) in the Downloads section for the interface module and then imported into the respective master environment.

The device description file defines all necessary sync managers and mailbox parameters.

Mailbox parameter "PdoUpload" is defined with "TRUE". This instructs the EtherCAT master to read all of the process data information via CoE (CANopen over EtherCAT) from the interface card and create a corresponding I/O mapping.

In 3rd-party environments, the interface card is displayed under the name "CIFX RE/ECS".



Sync master

The following entries in the ESI file define the outbox/inbox (required for asynchronous communication between the EtherCAT master and interface card) as well as the properties of the input/output process data (synchronous communication).

```
<!--SM0 MBX OUT-->
<Sm ControlByte="#x36" DefaultSize="128" Enable="1" MaxSize="128" MinSize="128"
  StartAddress="#x1000">MBoxOut</Sm>

<!--SM1 MBX INP-->
<Sm ControlByte="#x32" DefaultSize="128" Enable="1" MaxSize="128" MinSize="128"
  StartAddress="#x1080">MBoxIn</Sm>

<!--SM2 PD OUT-->
<Sm ControlByte="#x74" DefaultSize="200" Enable="1" MaxSize="256" MinSize="0"
  StartAddress="#x1100">Outputs</Sm>

<!--SM3 PD INP-->
<Sm ControlByte="#x30" DefaultSize="200" Enable="1" MaxSize="256" MinSize="0"
  StartAddress="#x1400">Inputs</Sm>
```

Mailbox setting

```
<Mailbox DataLinkLayer="1">
  <CoE CompleteAccess="1"
    PdoUpload="1"
    SdoInfo="1" />
</Mailbox>
```

EEPROM setting

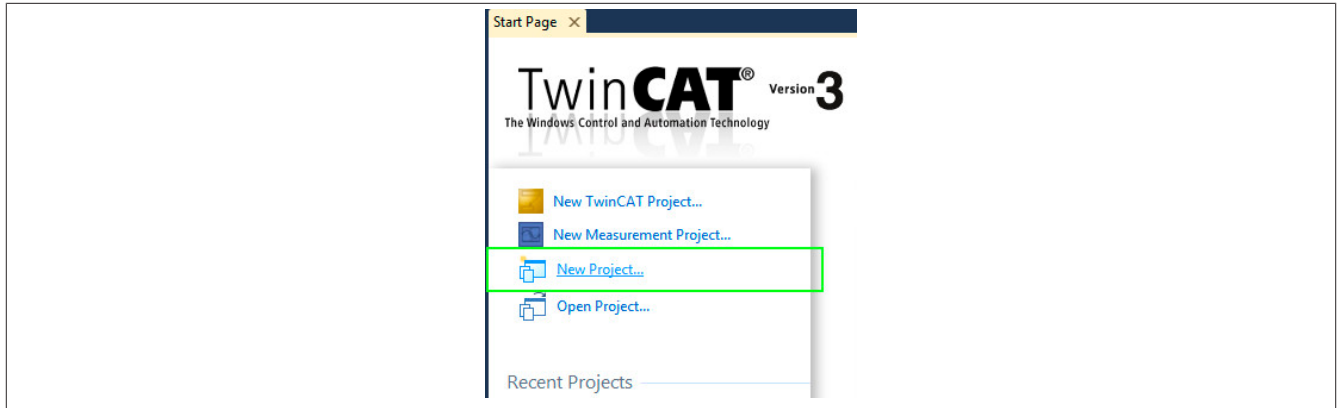
```
<Eeprom>
  <ByteSize>65536</ByteSize>
  <ConfigData>060000CCE8030000</ConfigData>
  <BootStrap>0010800080108000</BootStrap>
</Eeprom>
```

5.7 Usage example: TwinCAT 3

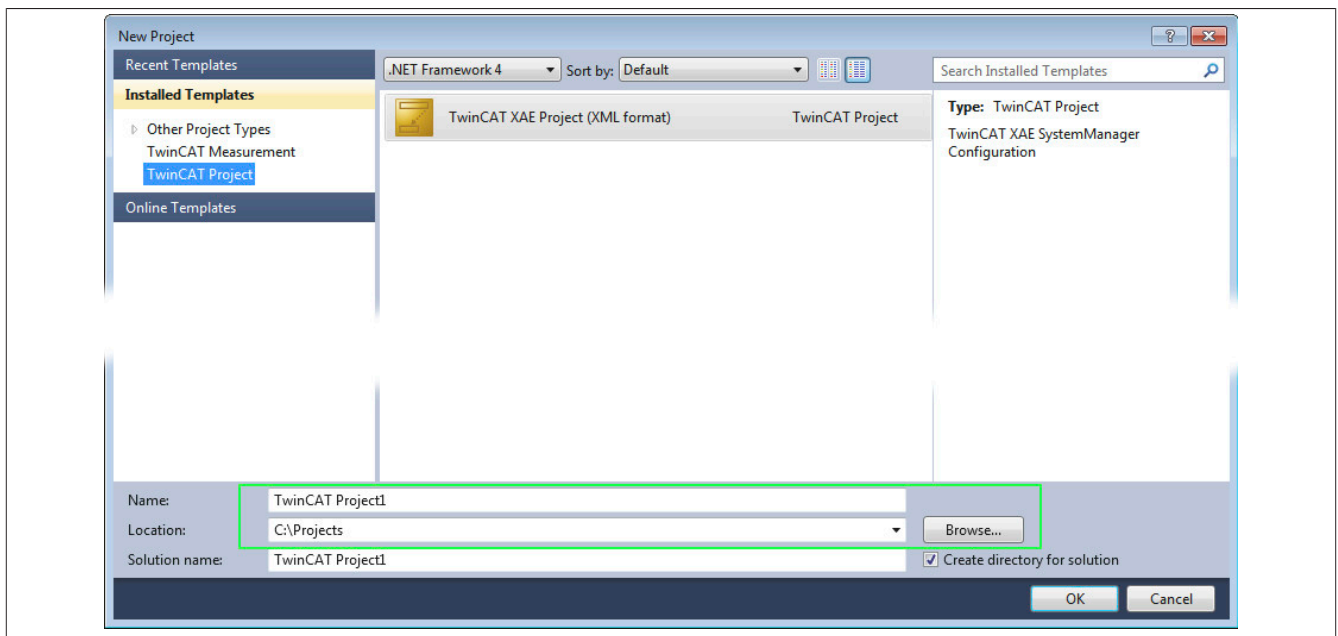
This example uses the Beckhoff environment "TwinCAT 3", and an EtherCAT master is operated on a standard PC using software.

5.7.1 Creating a new project

- First, create a new project. To do this, select "NewProject" on the TwinCAT start page.

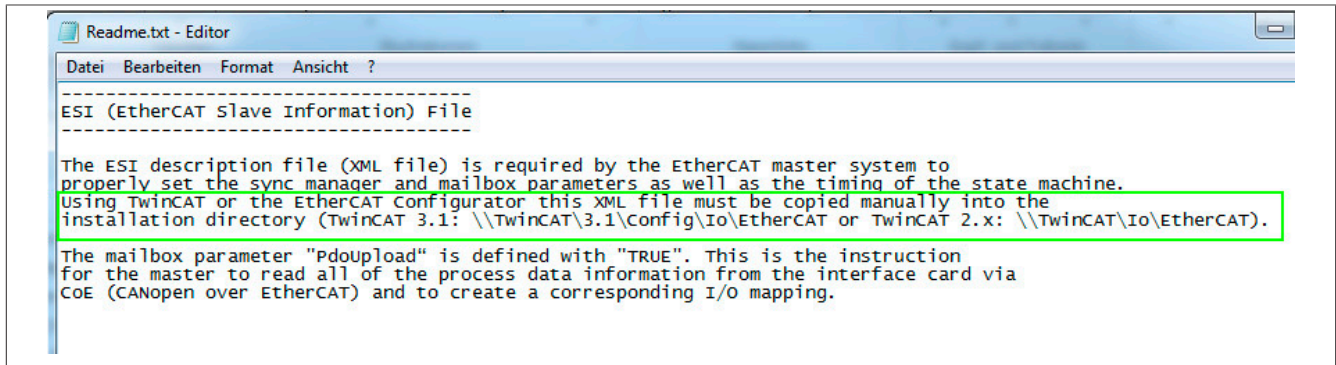


- Select "TwinCAT project" as the type and specify the project name and path for saving the project.



5.7.2 Importing the ESI file

- The required ESI file for the X20IF10G3-1 can be downloaded from the B&R website.
- In order to export the file, it needs to be copied manually into the table of contents. Depending on the TwinCAT version, this is either:
 - **TwinCAT 3.1:** \\TwinCAT\3.1\Config\Io\EtherCAT
 - **TwinCAT 2.x:** \\TwinCAT\Io\EtherCAT



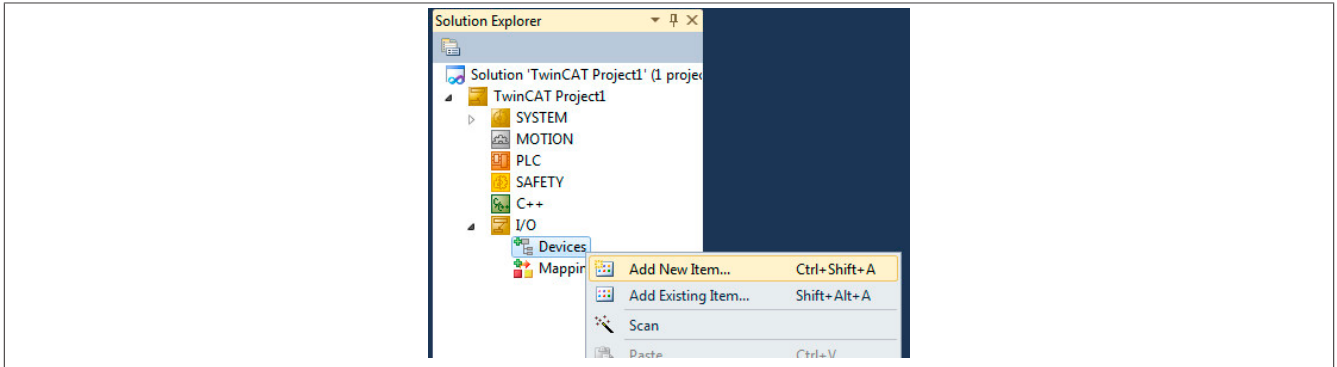
Information:

The imported data is only available after restarting the TwinCAT environment.

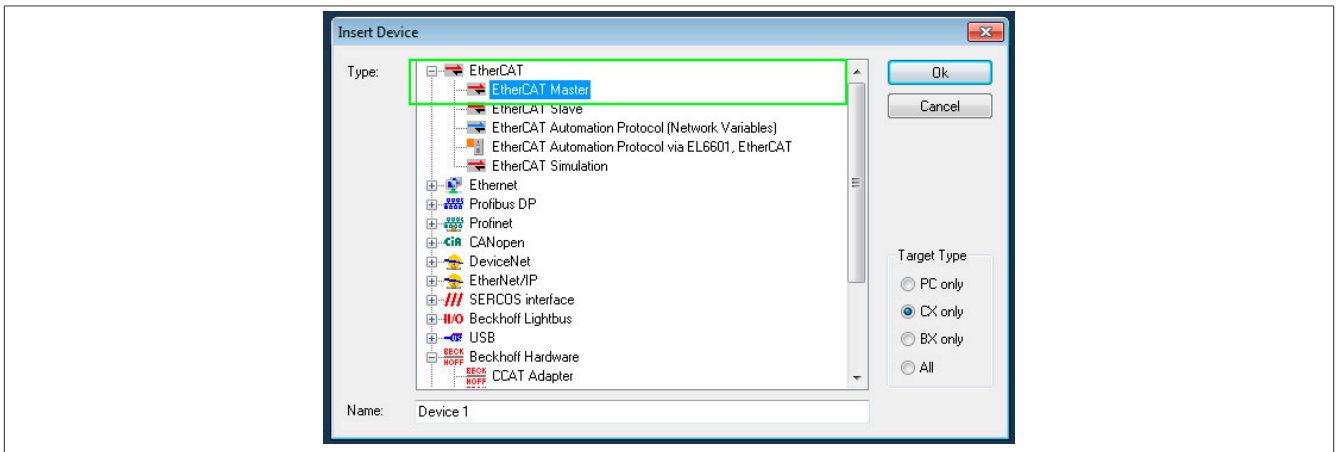
5.7.3 Adding hardware

Adding the EtherCAT master

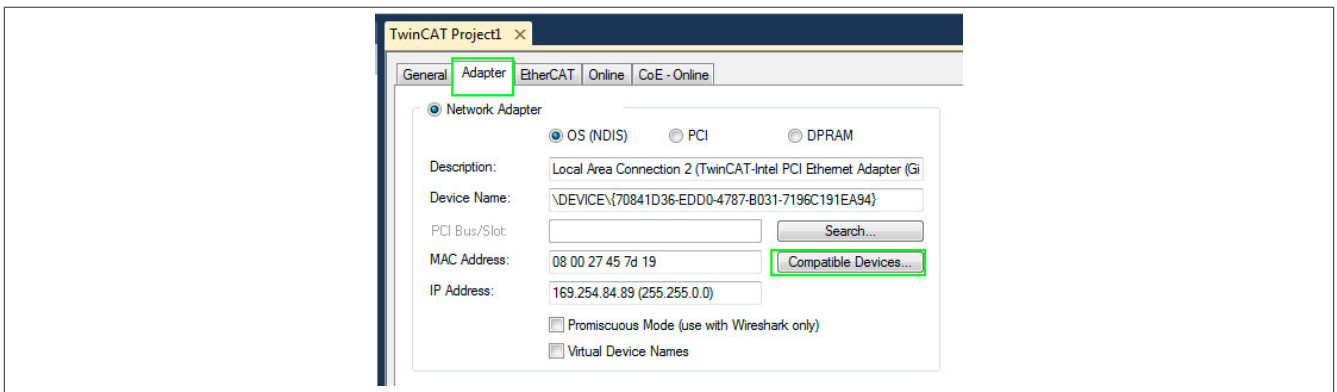
- First, add the EtherCAT master to the project. This is done by right-clicking on "I/O → Devices" and selecting "Add new item".



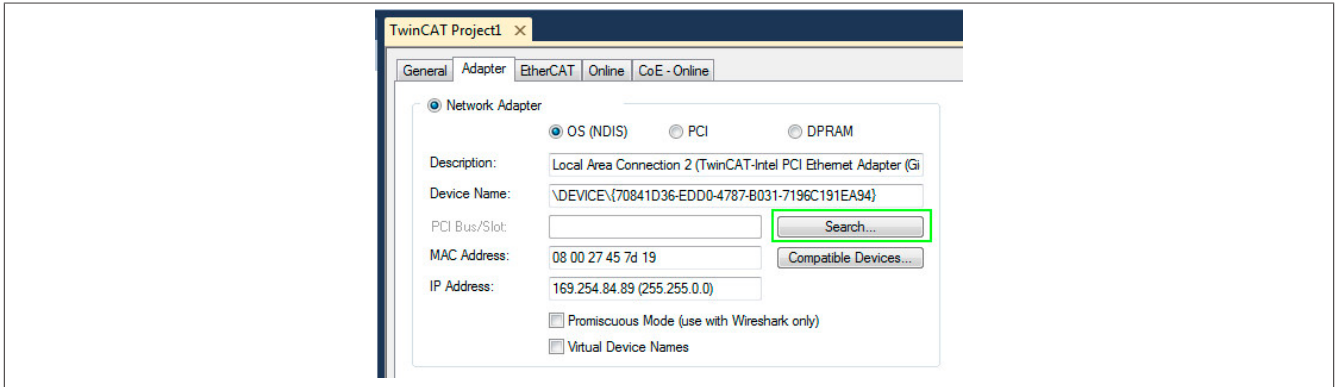
- In the following window, select the EtherCAT master and import it by selecting "OK".



- The master configuration is opened by double-clicking on the added "Device 1". A connection to the module can be set up via tab "Adapter". To do this, button "Compatible devices" is selected the confirmation prompt is confirmed.



- Now select the Ethernet interface – which is intended to act as an EtherCAT connection and is connected to the EtherCAT slave (X20IF10G3-1) – and confirm by clicking "Install". The connection is established by clicking on "Search".

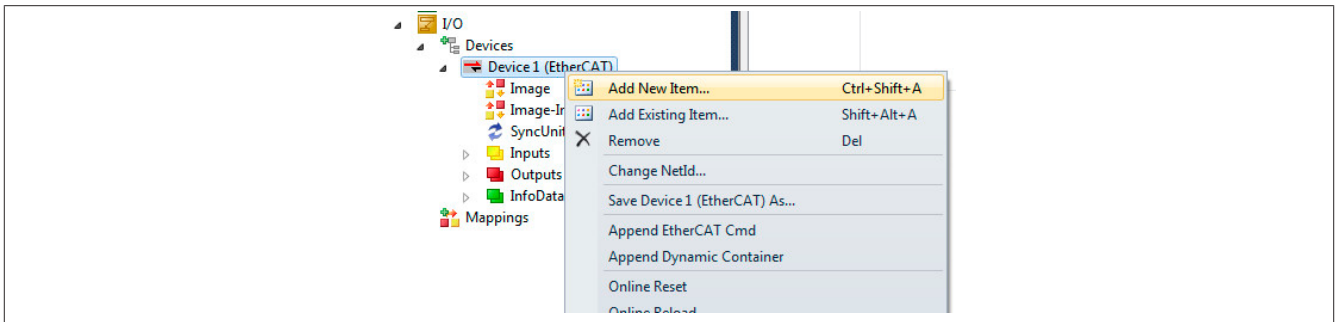


Adding the EtherCAT slave

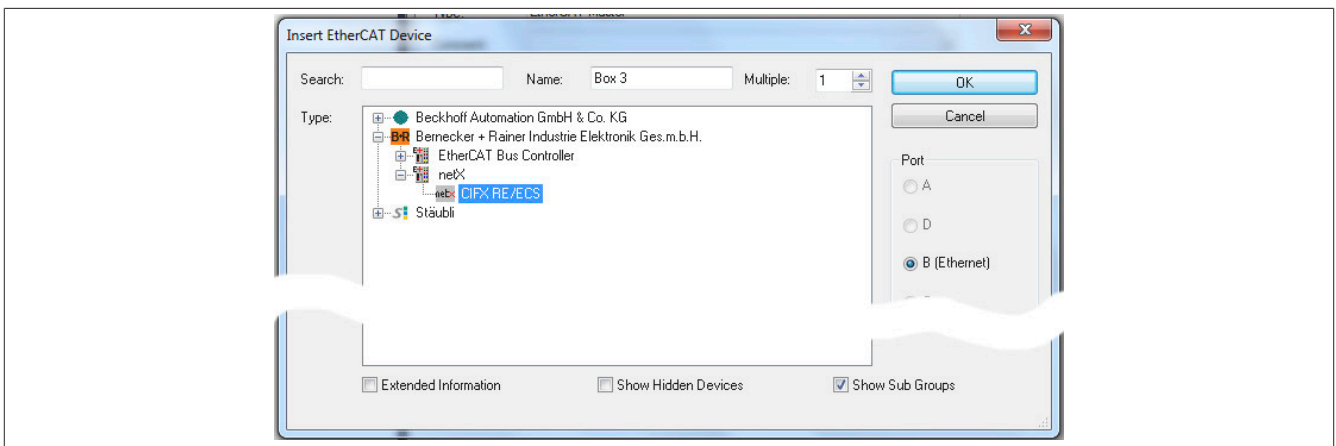
There is the option of adding the EtherCAT slave to the project manually or reading the data by scanning the module.

Adding X20IF10G3-1 manually

- Right-click on the master "Device1" and select "Add new item" to open a list of imported modules.



- Slave module X20IF10G3-1 can now be selected; it is marked as "CIFX RE/ECS" in a 3rd-party environment. The module is attached to the master with "OK".



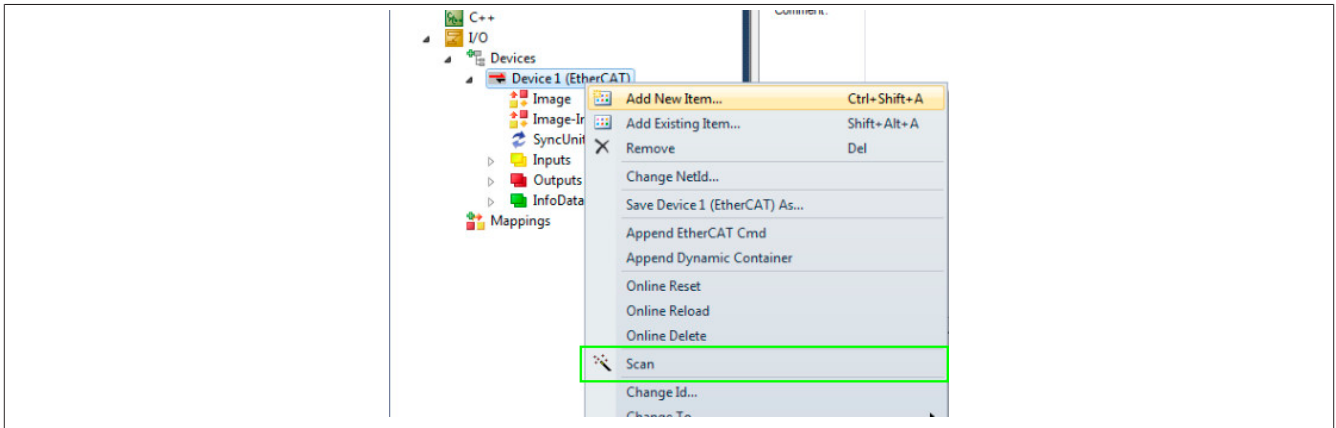
- After the slave hardware has been connected and located in the project, PDO information can be added using button "Load PDO info from device" (see below: "Import PDO information").

The EtherCAT interface

Adding X20IF10G3-1 with the scan function

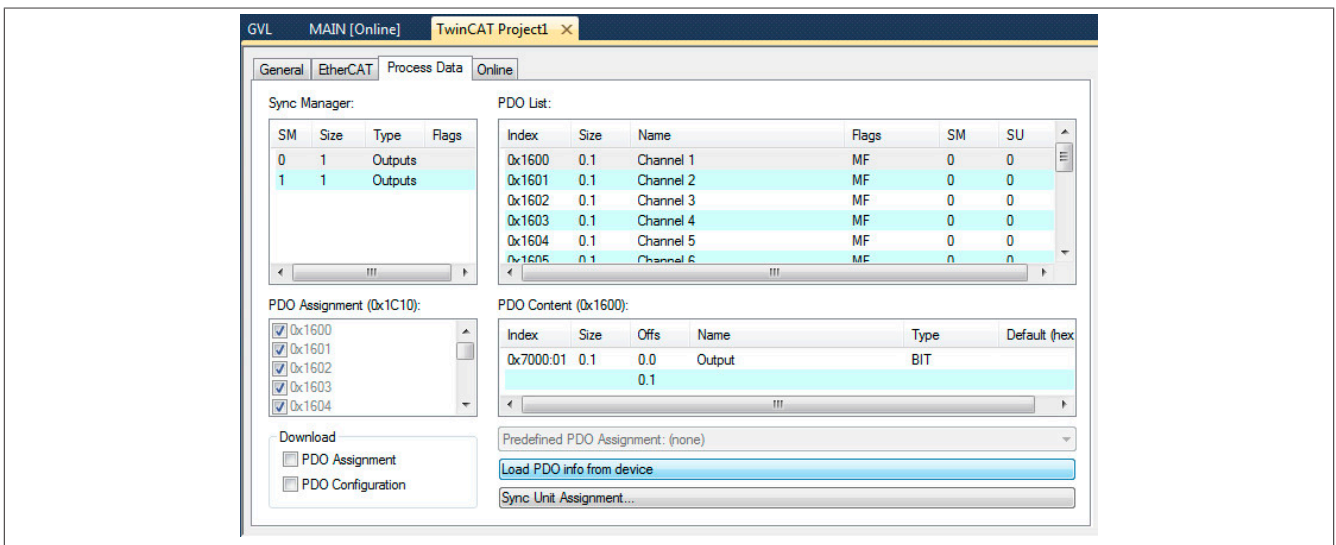
• The scan function can be used to read all connected modules and automatically add them to the project. For this, the ESI file of the EtherCAT slave module X20IF10G3-1 must already be installed in the TwinCAT environment (see ["Importing the ESI file" on page 21](#)).

EtherCAT slave X20IF10G3-1 can now be read into the project with the scan function if it is connected to the PC. Reading is started by right-clicking on master "Device1" and selecting "Scan".

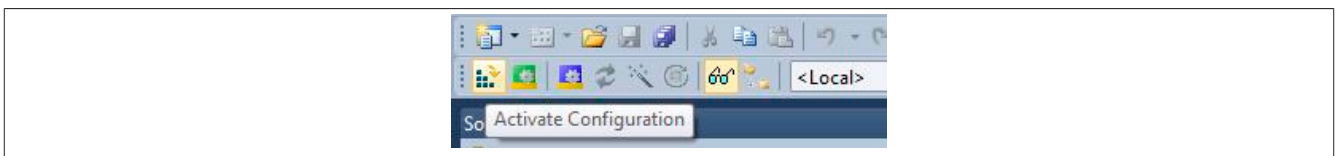


• Import PDO information

If the channels (input and output data) have not been read, they can be imported separately. To do this, double-click module "CIFX RE/ECS". Button "Load PDO info from device" is located under tab "Process data" in the opened configuration window. It reads all PDO information (I/O mapping) of the module and imports it into the project.



• The configuration can be transferred to the module with button "Activate configuration".



• The system can be restarted with button "Restart TwinCAT".



5.7.4 I/O mapping

• As soon as the project has been transferred to the slave and the slave is in mode "OPERATIONAL", data can be exchanged via the I/O mapping. To do this, double-click on the EtherCAT module on the B&R website to open the I/O mapping and assign any values to the output parameters for testing. To exchange data, monitor mode must be active. This is selected via the magnifying glass in the toolbar.

Channel Name	Physical Value	ForceActivated	ForceActivated Value
Outputs0_RxPdo_0x1600_1_Byte_Out_193	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Outputs0_RxPdo_0x1600_1_Byte_Out_194	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Outputs0_RxPdo_0x1600_1_Byte_Out_195	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Outputs0_RxPdo_0x1600_1_Byte_Out_196	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Outputs0_RxPdo_0x1600_1_Byte_Out_197	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Outputs0_RxPdo_0x1600_1_Byte_Out_198	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Outputs0_RxPdo_0x1600_1_Byte_Out_199	0	<input type="checkbox"/>	0
Inputs0_TxPdo_0x1A00_1_Byte_In_0	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1
Inputs0_TxPdo_0x1A00_1_Byte_In_1	2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2
Inputs0_TxPdo_0x1A00_1_Byte_In_2	3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3
Inputs0_TxPdo_0x1A00_1_Byte_In_3	4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4
Inputs0_TxPdo_0x1A00_1_Byte_In_4	5	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	5
...

• The input data in the TwinCAT environment can be read for verification. To do so, double-click on TxPDO (input data) of the EtherCAT slave to open it. The input data can be read in column "Online".

Name	Online	Type	Size	>Addr...	In/Out	User ID
1 Byte In (0)		BYTE	1.0	251.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (1)		BYTE	1.0	252.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (2)		BYTE	1.0	253.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (3)		BYTE	1.0	254.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (4)		BYTE	1.0	255.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (5)		BYTE	1.0	256.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (6)		BYTE	1.0	257.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (7)		BYTE	1.0	258.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (8)		BYTE	1.0	259.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (9)		BYTE	1.0	260.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (10)		BYTE	1.0	261.0	Input	0
1 Byte In (11)		BYTE	1.0	262.0	Input	0

If required, RxPDO output data can also be sent.