

# X20CM8281

Data sheet  
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# 1 General information

## 1.1 Other applicable documents

For additional and supplementary information, see the following documents.

### Other applicable documents

Document name	Title
MAX20	<a href="#">X20 System user's manual</a>

## 1.2 Order data


Order number	Short description	Figure
	<b>Other functions</b>	
X20CM8281	X20 universal mixed module, 4 digital inputs, 24 VDC, sink, 1-wire connections, 2 digital outputs, 0.5 A, source, 1-wire connections, 1 analog input, $\pm 10$ V or 0 to 20 mA / 4 to 20 mA, 12-bit converter resolution, 1 analog output, $\pm 10$ V / 0 to 20 mA, 12-bit converter resolution, 2 counters as event counters or for gate measurement	
	<b>Required accessories</b>	
	<b>Bus modules</b>	
X20BM11	X20 bus module, 24 VDC keyed, internal I/O power supply connected through	
X20BM15	X20 bus module, with node number switch, 24 VDC keyed, internal I/O power supply connected through	
	<b>Terminal blocks</b>	
X20TB12	X20 terminal block, 12-pin, 24 VDC keyed	

Table 1: X20CM8281 - Order data

## 1.3 Module description

This module is a universal mixed module. This module combines digital inputs and outputs with analog inputs and outputs.

Functions:

- [Digital inputs](#)
- [Event or gate time counter](#)
- [Monitoring the output status](#)
- [Analog input and output](#)

### Digital inputs

The digital inputs are equipped with an input filter with a configurable input delay. The input states can also be latched if required.

### Event counter / Gate measurement

The module has 2 counter channels that can be used either as event counters or for gate measurement.

### Monitoring status of the digital outputs

The output signal of the digital outputs is monitored for short circuit or overload.

### Analog input filter

The module is equipped with a configurable input filter with input ramp limiting.

### Monitoring the input signal

The input signal of the analog inputs is monitored against the upper and lower limit values as well as for open circuit. Other limit values can be defined if necessary.

## 2 Technical description

### 2.1 Technical data

Order number	X20CM8281
Short description	
I/O module	4 digital inputs, 2 digital outputs, 1 analog input, 1 analog output, special functions
General information	
B&R ID code	0x24C3
Status indicators	I/O function per channel, operating state, module status
Diagnostics	
Module run/error	Yes, using LED status indicator and software
Analog inputs	Yes, using LED status indicator and software
Digital outputs	Yes, using LED status indicator and software (output error status)
Power consumption	
Bus	0.01 W
Internal I/O	1.75 W
Additional power dissipation caused by actuators (resistive) [W]	-
Certifications	
CE	Yes
UKCA	Yes
ATEX	Zone 2, II 3G Ex nA nC IIA T5 Gc IP20, Ta (see X20 user's manual) FTZÚ 09 ATEX 0083X
UL	cULus E115267 Industrial control equipment
HazLoc	cCSAus 244665 Process control equipment for hazardous locations Class I, Division 2, Groups ABCD, T5
DNV	Temperature: <b>B</b> (0 to 55°C) Humidity: <b>B</b> (up to 100%) Vibration: <b>B</b> (4 g) EMC: <b>B</b> (bridge and open deck)
CCS	Yes
LR	ENV1
KR	Yes
ABS	Yes
BV	<b>EC33B</b> Temperature: 5 - 55°C Vibration: 4 g EMC: Bridge and open deck
KC	Yes
Digital inputs	
Quantity	4
Nominal voltage	24 VDC
Input characteristics per EN 61131-2	Type 1
Input voltage	24 VDC -15% / +20%
Input current at 24 VDC	Typ. 3.3 mA
Input circuit	Sink
Input filter	
Hardware	≤2 µs
Software	Default 1 ms, configurable between 0 and 25 ms in 0.2 ms increments
Connection type	1-wire connections
Input resistance	Typ. 7.18 kΩ
Additional functions	20 kHz event counting, gate measurement
Switching threshold	
Low	<5 VDC
High	>15 VDC
Insulation voltage between channel and bus	500 V <sub>eff</sub>
Event counters	
Quantity	2
Signal form	Square wave pulse
Evaluation	Each negative edge, cyclic counter
Input frequency	Max. 20 kHz
Counter 1	Input 1
Counter 2	Input 3
Counter frequency	Max. 20 kHz

Table 2: X20CM8281 - Technical data

## Technical description

Order number	X20CM8281
Counter size	16-bit
Gate time measurement	
Quantity	1
Signal form	Square wave pulse
Evaluation	Positive edge - Negative edge
Counter frequency	
Internal	48 MHz, 24 MHz, 12 MHz, 6 MHz, 3 MHz, 1.5 MHz, 750 kHz, 375 kHz, 187.5 kHz
Counter size	16-bit
Length of pause between pulses	≥100 µs
Pulse length	≥20 µs
Supported inputs	Input 4
Analog inputs	
Quantity	1
Input	±10 V or 0 to 20 mA / 4 to 20 mA, via different terminal connections
Input type	Single-ended
Digital converter resolution	
Voltage	±12-bit
Current	12-bit
Conversion time	400 µs, conversion runs asynchronous to the X2X Link cycle
Output format	INT
Output format	
Voltage	INT 0x8001 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 2.441 mV
Current	INT 0x0000 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0008 = 4.883 µA
Input impedance in signal range	
Voltage	>1 MΩ
Current	-
Load	
Voltage	-
Current	<300 Ω
Input protection	Protection against wiring with supply voltage
Permissible input signal	
Voltage	Max. ±15 V
Current	Max. ±50 mA
Output of digital value during overload	
Undershoot	
Voltage	0x8001
Current	0x0000
Overshoot	
Voltage	0x7FFF
Current	0x7FFF
Conversion procedure	Successive approximation
Input filter	Second-order low-pass filter / Cutoff frequency 1 kHz
Max. error	
Voltage	
Gain	0.08% <sup>1)</sup>
Offset	0.02% <sup>2)</sup>
Current	
Gain	0 to 20 mA = 0.08% / 4 to 20 mA = 0.1% <sup>1)</sup>
Offset	0 to 20 mA = 0.03% / 4 to 20 mA = 0.16% <sup>3)</sup>
Max. gain drift	
Voltage	0.01%/°C <sup>1)</sup>
Current	0 to 20 mA = 0.009 %/°C 4 to 20 mA = 0.0113 %/°C <sup>1)</sup>
Max. offset drift	
Voltage	0.002%/°C <sup>2)</sup>
Current	0 to 20 mA = 0.004 %/°C 4 to 20 mA = 0.005 %/°C <sup>3)</sup>
Nonlinearity	
Voltage	<0.02% <sup>2)</sup>
Current	<0.02% <sup>3)</sup>
Insulation voltage between channel and bus	500 V <sub>eff</sub>
Digital outputs	
Quantity	2
Variant	Current-sourcing FET
Nominal voltage	24 VDC
Switching voltage	24 VDC -15% / +20%
Nominal output current	0.5 A
Total nominal current	1 A
Connection type	1-wire connections
Output circuit	Source
Output protection	Thermal shutdown in the event of overcurrent or short circuit, integrated protection for switching inductive loads, reverse polarity protection
Diagnostic status	Output monitoring with 10 ms delay

Table 2: X20CM8281 - Technical data

Order number	X20CM8281
Leakage current when the output is switched off	5 $\mu$ A
$R_{DS(on)}$	105 m $\Omega$
Peak short-circuit current	<14 A
Switch-on in the event of overload shutdown or short-circuit shutdown	Approx. 10 ms (depends on the module temperature)
Switching delay	
0 $\rightarrow$ 1	<250 $\mu$ s
1 $\rightarrow$ 0	<270 $\mu$ s
Switching frequency	
Resistive load	Max. 100 Hz
Inductive load	See section "Switching inductive loads".
Braking voltage when switching off inductive loads	Typ. 50 VDC
Insulation voltage between channel and bus	500 V <sub>eff</sub>
Analog outputs	
Quantity	1
Output	$\pm$ 10 V or 0 to 20 mA, via different terminal connections
Digital converter resolution	12-bit
Conversion time	300 $\mu$ s, conversion runs asynchronous to the X2X Link cycle
Settling time on output change over entire range	1 ms
Switch on/off behavior	Internal enable relay for startup and errors
Max. error	
Voltage	
Gain	0.04% <sup>4)</sup>
Offset	0.0225% <sup>5)</sup>
Current	
Gain	0.05% <sup>4)</sup>
Offset	0.125% <sup>5)</sup>
Output protection	Short-circuit proof
Output format	
Voltage	INT 0x8001 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0010 = 4.882 mV
Current	INT 0x0000 - 0x7FFF / 1 LSB = 0x0010 = 9.766 $\mu$ A
Load per channel	
Voltage	Max. $\pm$ 10 mA, load $\geq$ 1 k $\Omega$
Current	Max. load is 400 $\Omega$
Max. gain drift	
Voltage	0.012%/°C <sup>4)</sup>
Current	0.014 %/°C <sup>4)</sup>
Max. offset drift	
Voltage	0.0075% / °C <sup>5)</sup>
Current	0.03 %/°C <sup>5)</sup>
Error caused by load change	
Voltage	Max. 0.02%, from 10 M $\Omega$ $\rightarrow$ 1 k $\Omega$ , resistive
Current	Max. 0.5%, from 1 $\Omega$ $\rightarrow$ 400 $\Omega$ , resistive
Nonlinearity	<0.1% <sup>6)</sup>
Insulation voltage between channel and bus	500 V <sub>eff</sub>
Electrical properties	
Electrical isolation	Channel isolated from bus Channel not isolated from channel
Operating conditions	
Mounting orientation	
Horizontal	Yes
Vertical	Yes
Installation elevation above sea level	
0 to 2000 m	No limitation
>2000 m	Reduction of ambient temperature by 0.5°C per 100 m
Degree of protection per EN 60529	IP20
Ambient conditions	
Temperature	
Operation	
Horizontal mounting orientation	-25 to 60°C
Vertical mounting orientation	-25 to 50°C
Derating	See section "Derating".
Storage	-40 to 85°C
Transport	-40 to 85°C

Table 2: X20CM8281 - Technical data

## Technical description

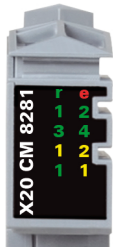
Order number	X20CM8281
Relative humidity	
Operation	5 to 95%, non-condensing
Storage	5 to 95%, non-condensing
Transport	5 to 95%, non-condensing
Mechanical properties	
Note	Order 1x terminal block X20TB12 separately. Order 1x bus module X20BM11 separately.
Pitch	12.5 <sup>+0.2</sup> mm

Table 2: X20CM8281 - Technical data

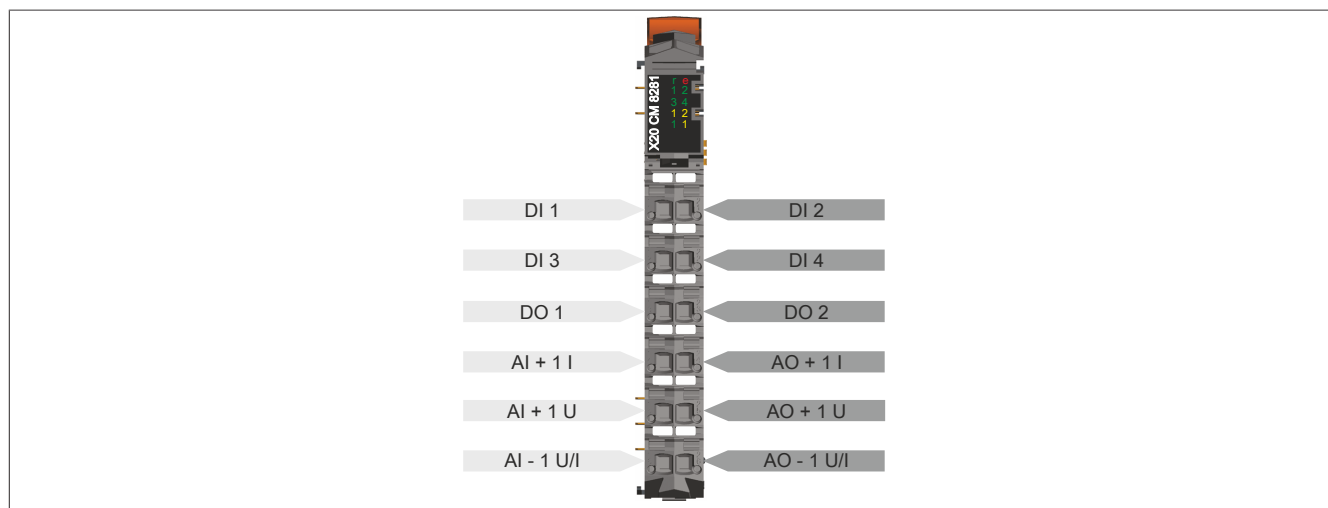
- 1) Based on the current measured value.
- 2) Based on the 20 V measurement range.
- 3) Based on the 20 mA measurement range.
- 4) Based on the current output value.
- 5) Based on the entire output range.
- 6) Based on the output range.

## 2.2 LED status indicators

For a description of the various operating modes, see section "Additional information - Diagnostic LEDs" in the X20 system user's manual.

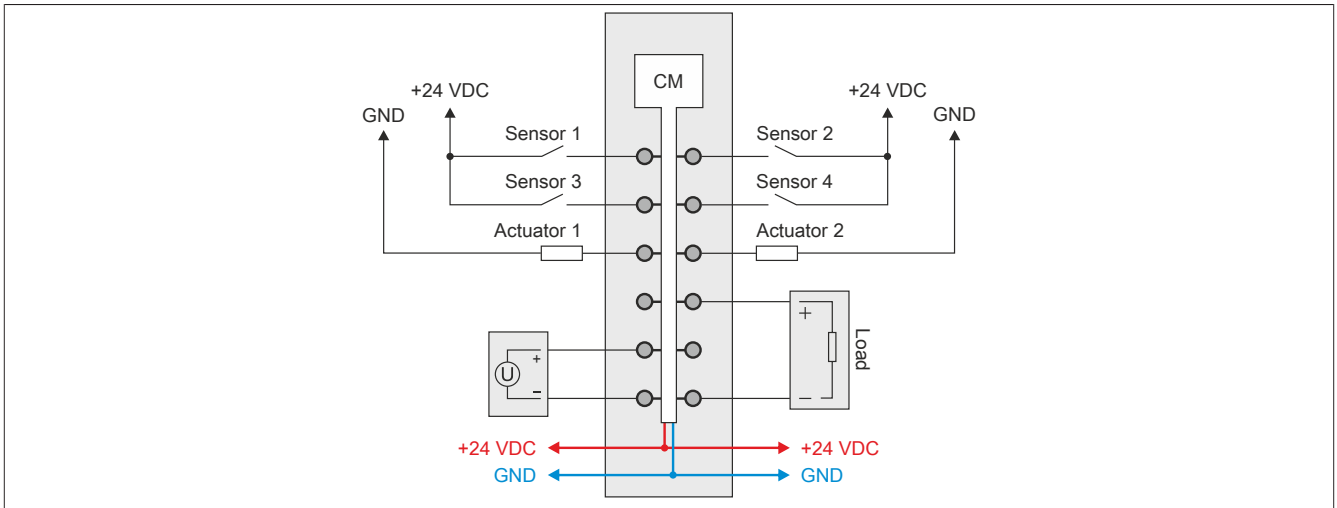
Figure	LED	Color	Status	Description
	r	Green	Off	No power to module
			Single flash	RESET mode
			Blinking	PREOPERATIONAL mode
			On	RUN mode
	e	Red	Off	No power to module or everything OK
			Single flash	Warning/Error on an I/O channel. Level monitoring for digital outputs has been triggered.
	e + r	Red on / Green single flash		Invalid firmware
	1 - 4	Green		Input state of the corresponding digital input
	1 - 2	Orange		Output status of the corresponding digital output
	1	Green	Off	Open line or sensor is disconnected
			Blinking	Input signal overflow or underflow
			On	Analog/digital converter running, value OK
	1	Orange	Off	Value = 0
			On	Value ≠ 0

## 2.3 Pinout



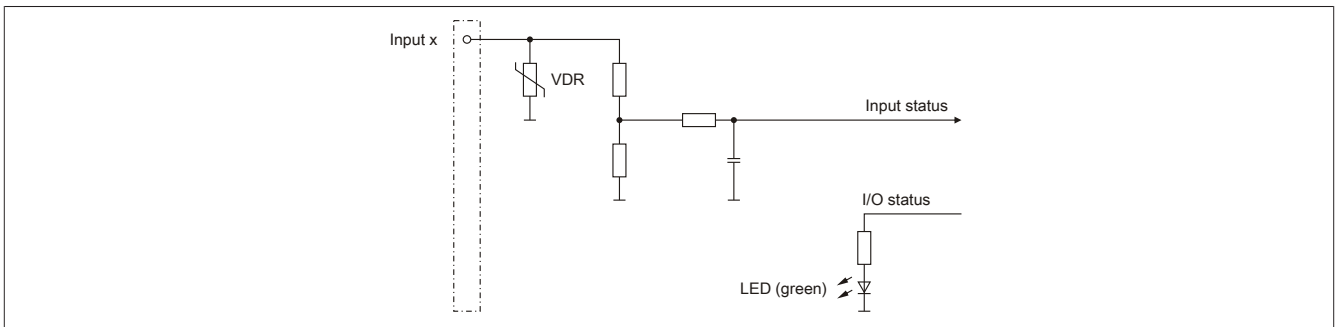


## 2.4 Connection example

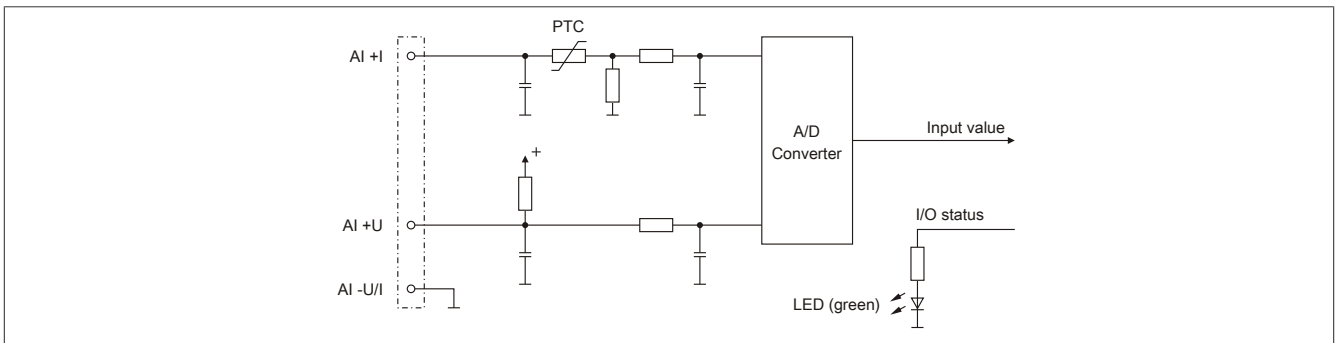


## 2.5 Input circuit diagram

### Digital inputs

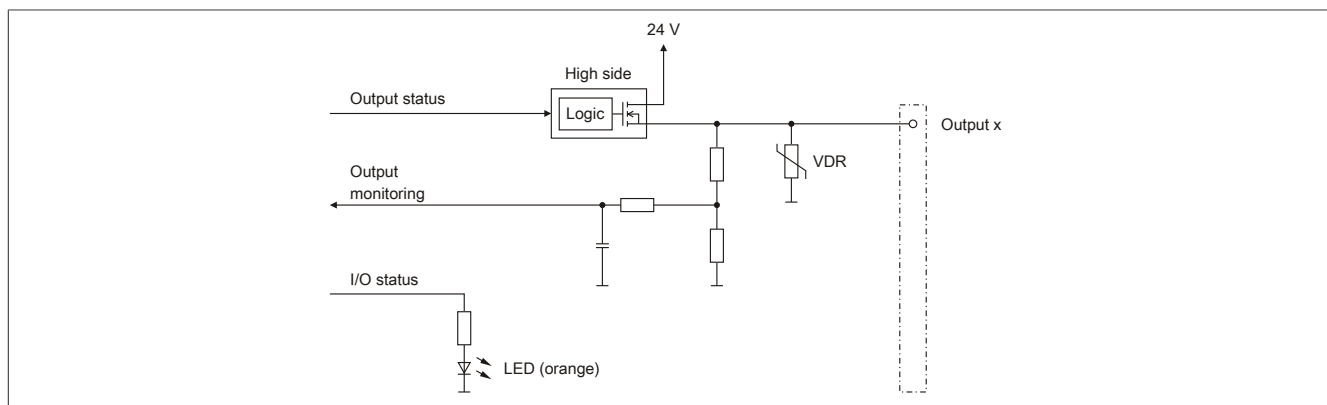


### Analog inputs

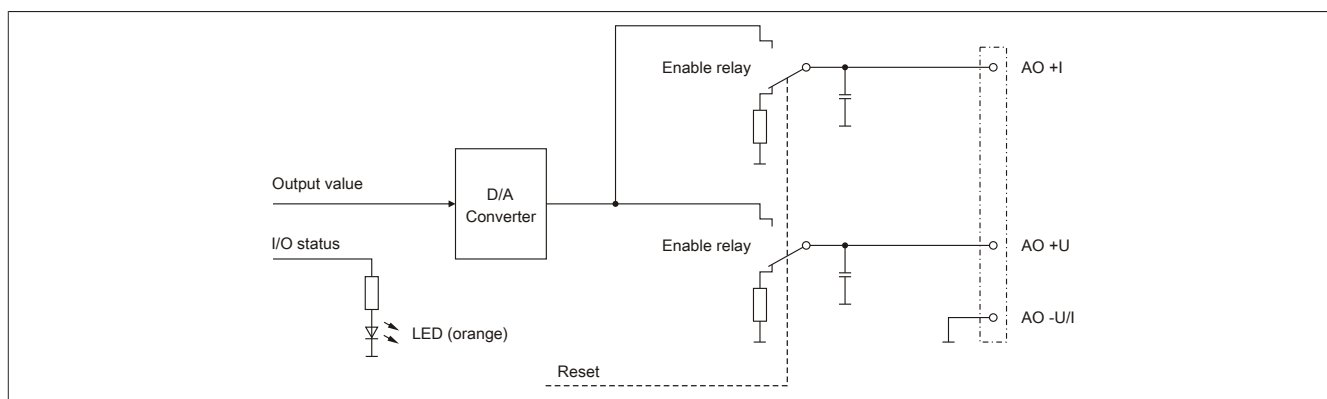


## 2.6 Output circuit diagram

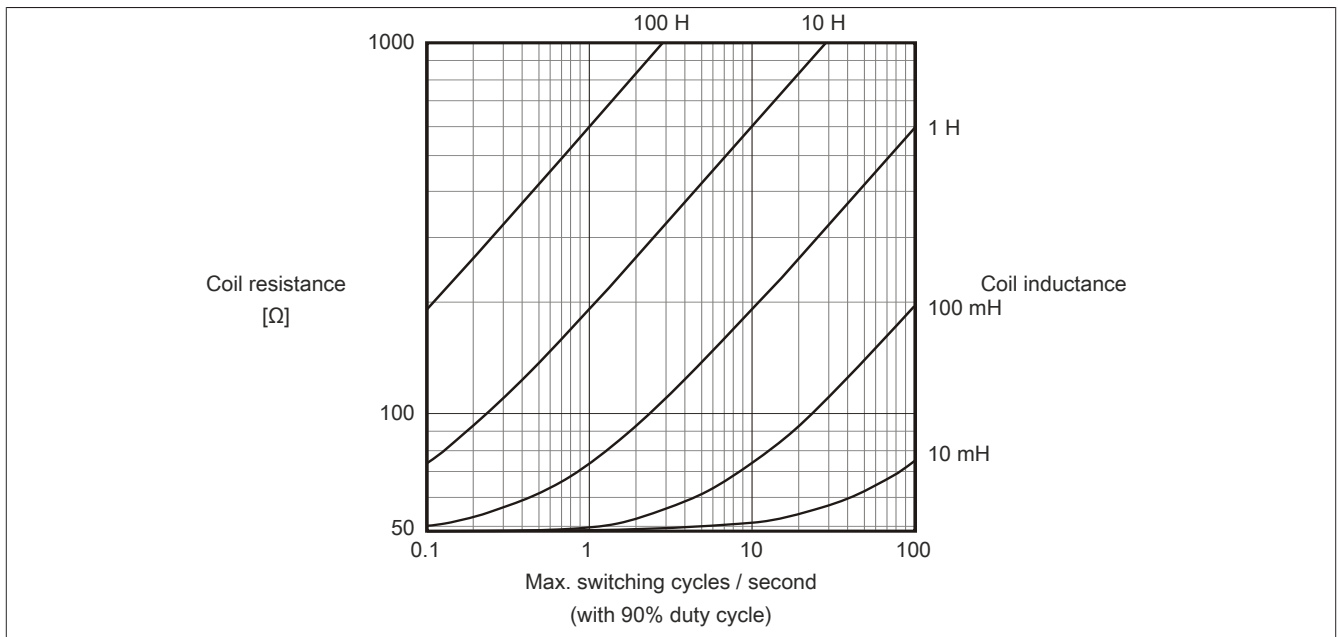
### Digital outputs



### Analog outputs



## 2.7 Switching inductive loads



## 2.8 Derating

There is no derating when operated below 55°C.

When operated above 55°C, the modules to the left and right of this module are permitted to have a maximum power dissipation of 1.15 W!

For an example of calculating the power dissipation of I/O modules, see section "Mechanical and electrical configuration - Power dissipation of I/O modules" in the X20 user's manual.

	X20 module	
	Power dissipation >1.15 W	
	Neighboring X20 module	
	Power dissipation ≤1.15 W	
	This module	
	Neighboring X20 module	
	Power dissipation ≤1.15 W	
	X20 module	
	Power dissipation >1.15 W	

## 3 Function description

### 3.1 Digital inputs

The module is equipped with 4 digital input channels.

#### 3.1.1 Recording the input state

##### Unfiltered

The input state is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle.

##### Filtered

The filtered state is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle. Filtering takes place asynchronously to the network in multiples of 200 µs with a network-related jitter of up to 50 µs.

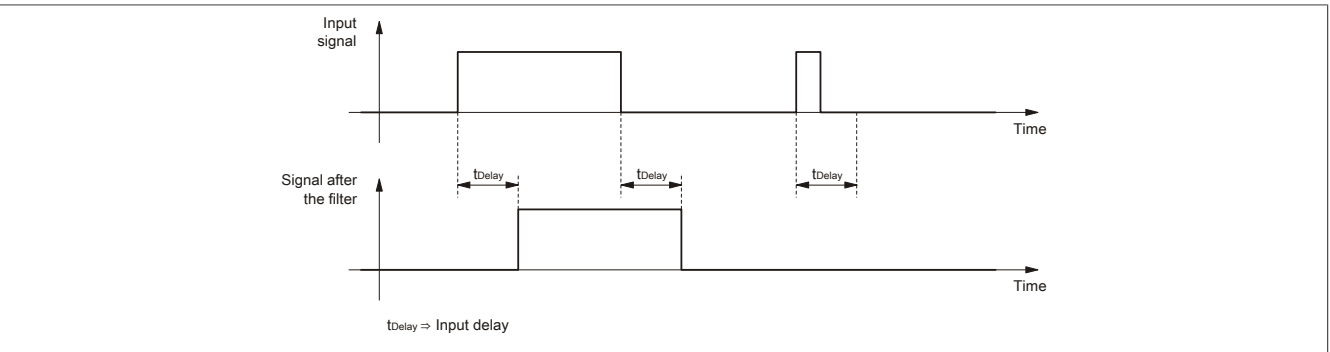


#### Information:

The register is described in ["Digital inputs and status of the digital outputs" on page 21.](#)

#### 3.1.2 Input filter

An input filter is available for each input. Disturbance pulses that are shorter than the input delay are suppressed by the input filter.



The input delay can be set in steps of 100 µs. It makes sense, however, to enter values in steps of 2 since the input signals are sampled in an interval of 200 µs.

Values	Filter
0	No software filter
2	0.2 ms
...	...
250	25 ms - Higher values are limited to this value.



#### Information:

The register is described in ["Digital input filter" on page 21.](#)

### 3.1.3 Event or gate time counter

The module provides 2 counters.

- Counter 1 (digital input 1) is only intended for event counter operation.
- Counter 2 can be configured as an event counter (digital input 3) or for gate time measurement (digital input 4).

#### Event counter operation

The falling (negative) edges are recorded on the counter input.

The counter value is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle.

#### Gate measurement

The time of rising to falling edges for the gate input is registered using an internal frequency. The result is checked for overflow (0xFFFF) and corrected according to the prescaler set.

The recovery time between measurements must be greater than 100 µs.

The measurement result is transferred with the falling edge to the result memory.

#### Configuring/Clearing counters

Counters are configured and cleared in a common register. This register contains configuration data in addition to cyclic data.

The preset configuration for this register is only kept when operating directly on the CPU. On the bus controller, the configuration is always overwritten with 0.

With upgrade version 1.0.2.1 and later, however, the cyclic bit can be hidden to avoid overwriting the configuration.



#### Information:

If the counter should be cleared, this must take place using an acyclic write command. The configuration bits must also be transferred together with bit ResetCounter!



#### Information:

The registers are described in ["Event or gate counter" on page 21](#).

## 3.2 Digital outputs

The module is equipped with 2 digital output channels.

The output state is transferred to the output channels with a fixed offset (<60 µs) in relation to the network cycle (SyncOut).

### 3.2.1 Monitoring the output status

The status of each individual channel can be read out.

Bit	Description
0	No error
1	Short circuit or overload



#### Information:

The register is described in ["Digital inputs and status of the digital outputs" on page 21](#).

### 3.3 Analog input and output

The module is equipped with 1 analog input and output with 13-bit resolution. The input and output can be configured separately to either a voltage or current input for the following ranges:

#### Input signal:

- $\pm 10$  V voltage signal
- 0 to 20 mA current signal
- 4 to 20 mA current signal

#### Output signal:

- $\pm 10$  V voltage signal
- 0 to 20 mA current signal

The input state is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle.

Configuration via registers must take place in addition to using the appropriate terminal connections.



#### Information:

The register is described in "[Configuring the analog input and output](#)" on page 26.

#### 3.3.1 Limiting the input signal

The input signal is monitored against the upper and lower limit values as well as for open circuit (only for voltage signal measurement). These must be defined according to the operating mode:

Limit value (default)	Voltage signal			
Upper maximum limit value	-10 V	+32767		
Lower minimum limit value	+10 V	-32768		
Limit value (default)	Current signal 0 to 20 mA		Current signal 4 to 20 mA	
Upper maximum limit value	20 mA	+32767	20 mA	+32767
Lower minimum limit value	0 mA	0	4 mA	-8191

Other limit values can be defined if necessary. These are enabled automatically by writing to the limit value registers. From this point on, the analog values will be monitored and limited according to the new limits. The results of monitoring are displayed in the status register.

#### Examples of limit value settings

Use case	Limit value settings
Current signal: 4 to 20 mA	If values <4 mA should be measured for a current signal with 4 to 20 mA, a negative limit value must be set: 0 mA corresponds to value -8192 (0xE000).

#### Limiting the analog value

In addition to the status information, the analog value is fixed to the upper or lower limit value by default in the error state. The analog value is limited to the new values if the limit values were changed.



#### Information:

The registers are described in "[Analog inputs](#)" on page 24.

### 3.3.2 Input filter

The module is equipped with a configurable input filter. The minimum X2X cycle time must be greater than 400  $\mu$ s. The filter function is disabled for shorter X2X cycle times.

When the input filter is enabled, the channel is sampled at 1 ms intervals. Conversion is performed acyclically to the X2X cycle.



#### Information:

The filter sampling time is fixed at 1 ms and is acyclic to the X2X cycle.

#### 3.3.2.1 Input ramp limiting

Input ramp limiting can only be performed in conjunction with filtering. Input ramp limiting is performed before filtering.

The difference of the input value change is checked for exceeding the specified limit. In the event of overshoot, the tracked input value is equal to the old value  $\pm$  the limit value.

Configurable limit values:

Value	Limit value
0	The input value is used without limitation.
1	0x3FFF = 16383
2	0x1FFF = 8191
3	0x0FFF = 4095
4	0x07FF = 2047
5	0x03FF = 1023
6	0x01FF = 511
7	0x00FF = 255

Input ramp limiting is well suited for suppressing disturbances (spikes). The following examples show the functionality of input ramp limiting based on an input step and a disturbance.

#### Example 1

The input value jumps from 8000 to 17000. The diagram shows the tracked input value with the following settings:

Input ramp limiting = 4 = 0x07FF = 2047

Filter level = 2

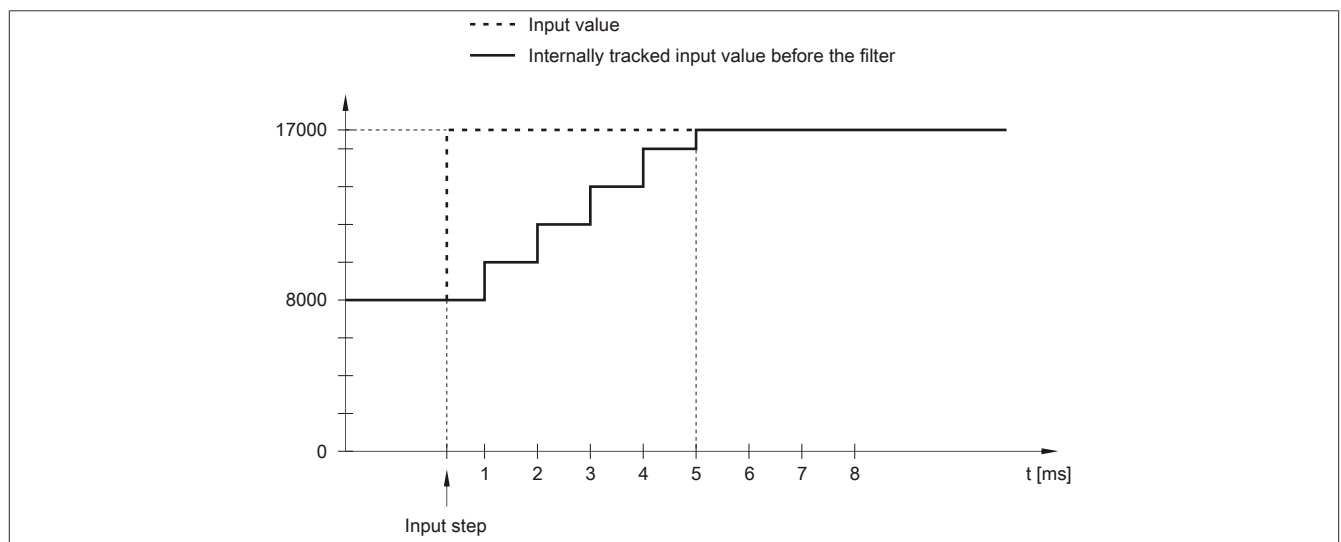


Figure 1: Tracked input value for input step

Function description

Example 2

A disturbance interferes with the input value. The diagram shows the tracked input value with the following settings:

Input ramp limiting = 4 = 0x07FF = 2047

Filter level = 2

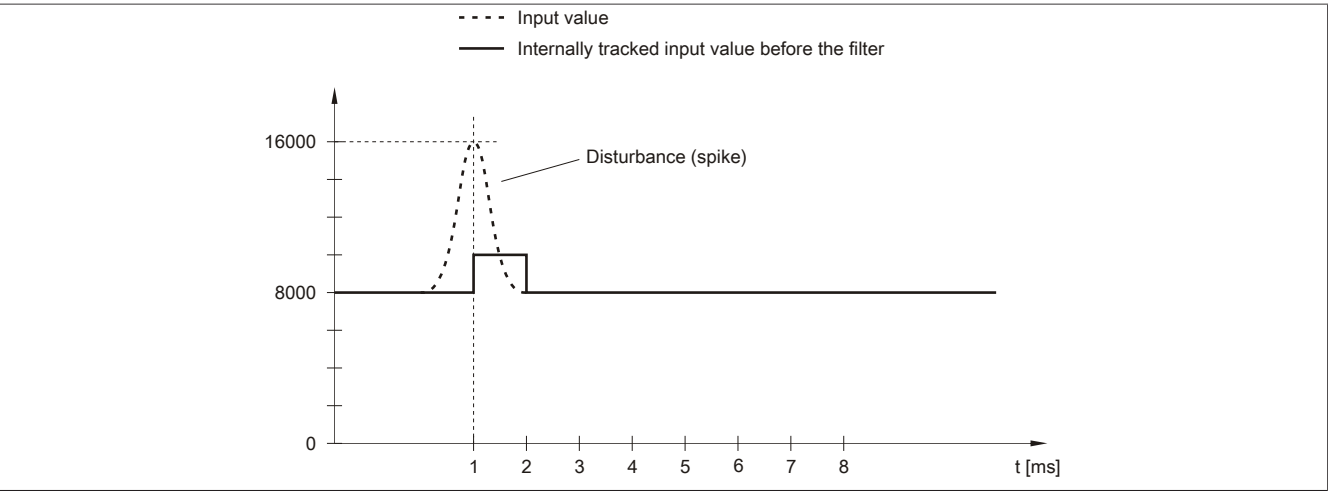


Figure 2: Tracked input value for disturbance

3.3.2.2 Filter level

A filter can be defined to prevent large input steps. This filter is used to bring the input value closer to the actual analog value over a period of several milliseconds.

Filtering takes place after any input ramp limiting has been carried out.

Formula for calculating the input value:

$$\text{Value}_{\text{New}} = \text{Value}_{\text{Old}} - \frac{\text{Value}_{\text{Old}}}{\text{Filter level}} + \frac{\text{Input value}}{\text{Filter level}}$$

Adjustable filter levels:

Value	Filter level
0	Filter switched off
1	Filter level 2
2	Filter level 4
3	Filter level 8
4	Filter level 16
5	Filter level 32
6	Filter level 64
7	Filter level 128



The following examples show the functionality of the filter based on an input step and a disturbance.

### Example 1

The input value jumps from 8000 to 16000. The diagram shows the calculated value with the following settings:

Input ramp limiting = 0

Filter level = 2 or 4

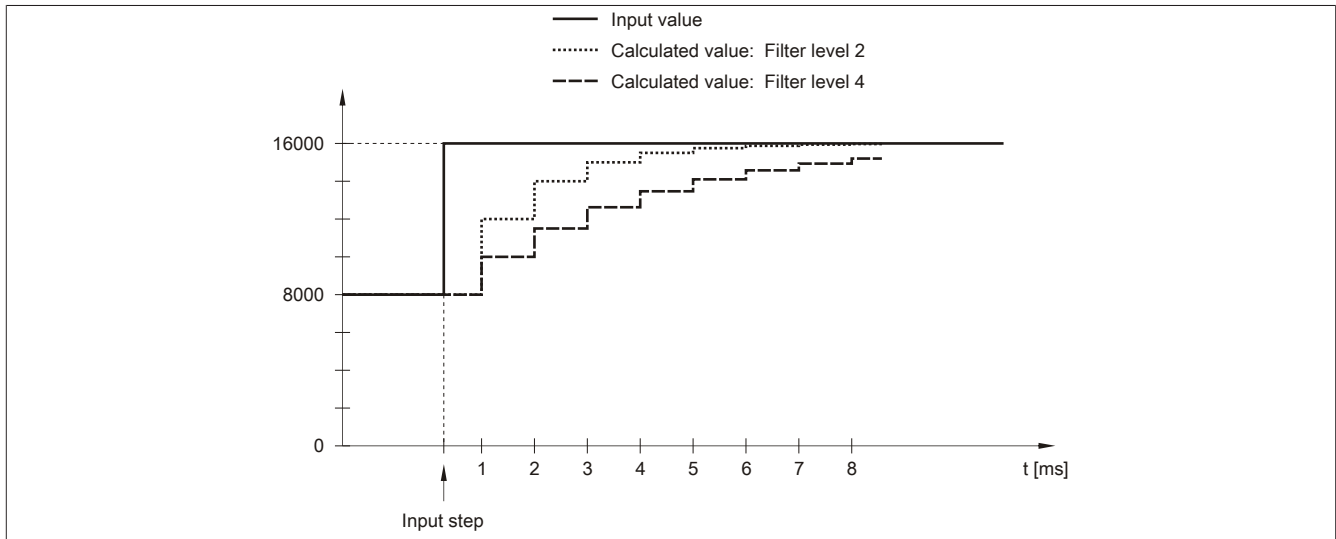


Figure 3: Calculated value during input step

### Example 2

A disturbance interferes with the input value. The diagram shows the calculated value with the following settings:

Input ramp limiting = 0

Filter level = 2 or 4

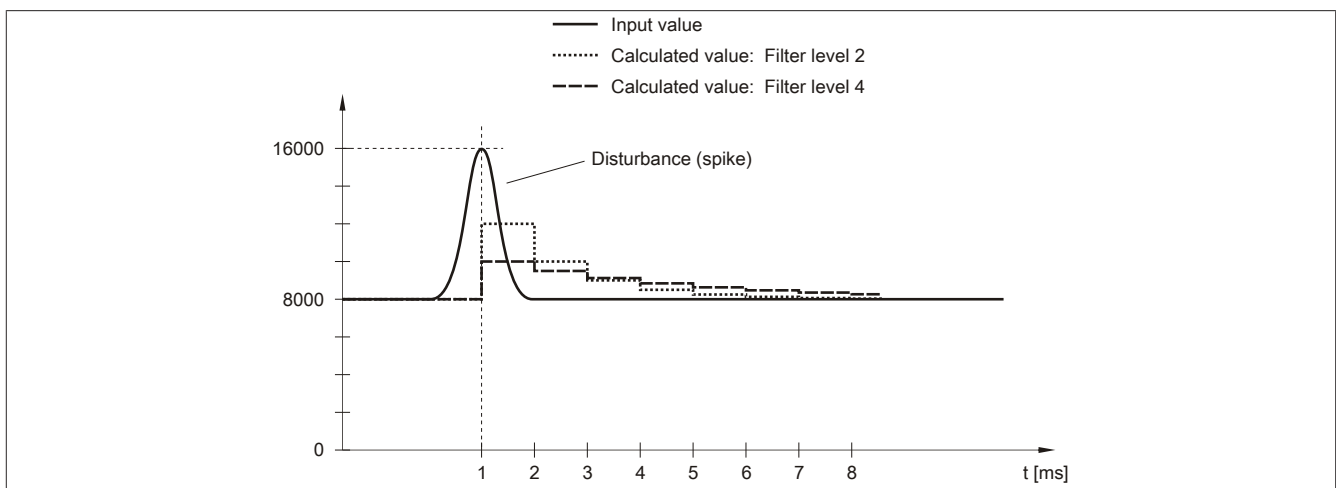


Figure 4: Calculated value during disturbance

## 4 Commissioning

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### 4.1 Using the module on the bus controller

Function model 254 "Bus controller" is used by default only by non-configurable bus controllers. All other bus controllers can use other registers and functions depending on the fieldbus used.

For detailed information, see section "Additional information - Using I/O modules on the bus controller" in the X20 user's manual (version 3.50 or later).

#### 4.1.1 CAN I/O bus controller

The module occupies 1 analog logical slot on CAN I/O.

## 5 Register description

### 5.1 General data points

In addition to the registers described in the register description, the module has additional general data points. These are not module-specific but contain general information such as serial number and hardware variant.

General data points are described in section "Additional information - General data points" in the X20 System user's manual.

### 5.2 Function model 0 - Standard

Register	Name	Data type	Read		Write	
			Cyclic	Non-cyclic	Cyclic	Non-cyclic
Configuration						
12	<a href="#">ConfigOutput01</a> (digital input filter)	USINT				•
14	<a href="#">ConfigOutput02</a> (counter configuration)	USINT				•
22	<a href="#">ConfigOutput03</a> (analog input filter)	USINT				•
24	<a href="#">ConfigOutput04</a> (configure analog input/output)	USINT				•
26	<a href="#">ConfigOutput05</a> (lower limit value)	INT				•
28	<a href="#">ConfigOutput06</a> (upper limit value)	INT				•
Communication						
Digital inputs						
0	<a href="#">Digital inputs</a>	USINT	•			
	DigitalInput01	Bit 0				
	...	...				
	DigitalInput04	Bit 3				
4	<a href="#">Counter01</a>	UINT	•			
6	<a href="#">Counter02</a>	UINT	•			
14	<a href="#">Reset counter</a>	USINT			•	
	ResetCounter01	Bit 4				
	ResetCounter02	Bit 5				
16	<a href="#">Input state of digital latch inputs 1 - 4</a>	DINT	•			
	DigitalInput01Latch	Bit 0				
	...	...				
	DigitalInput04Latch	Bit 3				
18	<a href="#">Acknowledge digital inputs</a>	USINT			•	
	DigitalInput01LatchQuit	Bit 0				
	...	...				
	DigitalInput04LatchQuit	Bit 3				
Digital outputs						
0	<a href="#">Status of the digital outputs</a>	USINT	•			
	StatusDigitalOutput01	Bit 4				
	StatusDigitalOutput02	Bit 5				
2	<a href="#">Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 2</a>	USINT			•	
	DigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
	DigitalOutput02	Bit 1				
Analog input						
8	<a href="#">AnalogInput01</a>	INT	•			
31	<a href="#">StatusInput01</a>	USINT	•			
Analog output						
10	<a href="#">AnalogOutput01</a>	INT			•	

### 5.3 Function model 254 - Bus controller

Register	Offset <sup>1)</sup>	Name	Data type	Read		Write	
				Cyclic	Non-cyclic	Cyclic	Non-cyclic
Configuration							
12	-	ConfigOutput01 (digital input filter)	USINT				•
14	-	ConfigOutput02(counter configuration)	USINT				•
22	-	ConfigOutput03 (analog input filter)	USINT				•
24	-	ConfigOutput04 (configure analog input/output)	USINT				•
26	-	ConfigOutput05 (lower limit value)	INT				•
28	-	ConfigOutput06 (upper limit value)	INT				•
Communication							
Digital inputs							
0	0	Digital inputs	USINT	•			
		DigitalInput01	Bit 0				
		...	...				
		DigitalInput04	Bit 3				
4	2	Counter01	UINT	•			
6	4	Counter02	UINT	•			
14	-	Reset counter	USINT				•
		ResetCounter01	Bit 4				
		ResetCounter02	Bit 5				
16	-	Input state of digital latch inputs 1 - 4	DINT		•		
		DigitalInput01Latch	Bit 0				
		...	...				
		DigitalInput04Latch	Bit 3				
18	-	Acknowledge digital inputs	USINT				•
		DigitalInput01LatchQuit	Bit 0				
		...	...				
		DigitalInput04LatchQuit	Bit 3				
Digital outputs							
0	0	Status of the digital outputs	USINT	•			
		StatusDigitalOutput01	Bit 4				
		StatusDigitalOutput02	Bit 5				
2	0	Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 2	USINT			•	
		DigitalOutput01	Bit 0				
		DigitalOutput02	Bit 1				
Analog input							
8	6	AnalogInput01	INT	•			
31	-	StatusInput01	USINT		•		
Analog output							
10	2	AnalogOutput01	INT			•	

1) The offset specifies the position of the register within the CAN object.

## 5.4 Digital inputs

### 5.4.1 Digital inputs and status of the digital outputs

Name:

DigitalInput01 to DigitalInput04

StatusDigitalOutput01 to StatusDigitalOutput02

This register is used to indicate the input state of the digital inputs and the status of the digital outputs.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	DigitalInput01	0 or 1	Input state - Digital input 1
...		...	
3	DigitalInput04	0 or 1	Input state - Digital input 4
4	StatusDigitalOutput01	0	Digital output channel 1: No error
		1	Digital output channel 1: Short circuit or overload
5	StatusDigitalOutput02	0	Digital output channel 2: No error
		1	Digital output channel 2: Short circuit or overload
6 - 7	Reserved	-	

### 5.4.2 Digital input filter

Name:

ConfigOutput01

The filter value for all digital inputs can be configured in this register.

Data type	Values	Filter
USINT	0	No software filter (bus controller default setting)
	2	0.2 ms
	...	...
	250	25 ms - Higher values are limited to this value.

### 5.4.3 Event or gate counter

#### 5.4.3.1 Event or gate counter

Name:

Counter01 to Counter02

Counter01 is intended for event counter operation.

Event counter operation or gate measurement can be selected for Counter02:

Data type	Value
UINT	Counter value

## Register description

### 5.4.3.2 Counter configuration

Name:  
ConfigOutput02

The individual counters can be configured and also reset in this register. For additional information, see ["Configuring/Clearing counters" on page 13](#).

Data type	Values	Bus controller default setting
USINT	See the bit structure.	0

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0 - 3	Counter02 (counter frequency, only with gate measurement)	0	48 MHz (bus controller default setting)
		1	3 MHz
		2	187.5 kHz
		3	24 MHz
		4	12 MHz
		5	6 MHz
		6	1.5 MHz
		7	750 kHz
		8	375 kHz
4	ResetCounter01	0	No influence on the counter
		1	Clear counter (at positive edge)
5	ResetCounter02	0	No influence on the counter
		1	Clear counter (at positive edge)
6 - 7	Counter02 (operating mode)	0	Event counter measurement (bus controller default setting)
		1	Gate measurement

### 5.4.4 Input latch

#### 5.4.4.1 Input state of digital latch inputs 1 - 4

Name:  
DigitalInputLatch01 to DigitalInputLatch04

This register is used to indicate input state of digital inputs 1 to 4 after expiration of the input filter time.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	DigitalInputLatch01	0 or 1	Input state of digital input 1 after expiration of the delay time
...		...	
3	DigitalInputLatch04	0 or 1	Input state of digital input 4 after expiration of the delay time
4 - 7	Reserved	-	

#### 5.4.4.2 Acknowledge digital inputs

Name:  
DigitalInput01LatchQuitt to DigitalInput04LatchQuitt

This register is used to reset the input latches channel by channel.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	DigitalInput01LatchQuitt	0	No influence on the latch status
		1	Resets the latch status
...		...	
3	DigitalInput04LatchQuitt	0	No influence on the latch status
		1	Resets the latch status
4 - 7	Reserved	-	

## 5.5 Digital outputs

The output state is transferred to the output channels with a fixed offset (<60 µs) based on the network cycle (SyncOut).

### 5.5.1 Switching state of digital outputs 1 to 2

Name:

DigitalOutput01 to DigitalOutput02

This register is used to store the switching state of digital outputs 1 to 2.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	DigitalOutput01	0	Digital output 01 reset
		1	Digital output 01 set
1	DigitalOutput02	0	Digital output 02 reset
		1	Digital output 02 set

### 5.5.2 Digital inputs and status of the digital outputs

Name:

DigitalInput01 to DigitalInput04

StatusDigitalOutput01 to StatusDigitalOutput02

This register is used to indicate the input state of the digital inputs and the status of the digital outputs.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Name	Value	Information
0	DigitalInput01	0 or 1	Input state - Digital input 1
...		...	
3	DigitalInput04	0 or 1	Input state - Digital input 4
4	StatusDigitalOutput01	0	Digital output channel 1: No error
		1	Digital output channel 1: Short circuit or overload
5	StatusDigitalOutput02	0	Digital output channel 2: No error
		1	Digital output channel 2: Short circuit or overload
6 - 7	Reserved	-	

## 5.6 Analog inputs

The input state is collected with a fixed offset to the network cycle and transferred in the same cycle.

### 5.6.1 Analog input register

Name:

AnalogInput01

This register is used to indicate the analog input value depending on the configured operating mode.

Data type	Value	Input signal:
INT	-32768 to 32767	Voltage signal -10 to 10 VDC
	0 to 32767	Current signal 0 to 20 mA
	0 to 32767	Current signal 4 mA to 20 mA

### 5.6.2 Configuring the input filter

Name:

ConfigOutput03

This register is used to define the filter level and input ramp limitation of the input filter.

Data type	Values	Bus controller default setting
USINT	See the bit structure.	0

Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0 - 2	Defines the filter level	000	Filter disabled (bus controller default setting)
		001	Filter level 2
		010	Filter level 4
		011	Filter level 8
		100	Filter level 16
		101	Filter level 32
		110	Filter level 64
		111	Filter level 128
3	Reserved	0	
4 - 6	Defines input ramp limiting	000	The input value is applied without limitation (bus controller default setting)
		001	Limit value = 0x3FFF (16383)
		010	Limit value = 0x1FFF (8191)
		011	Limit value = 0x0FFF (4095)
		100	Limit value = 0x07FF (2047)
		101	Limit value = 0x03FF (1023)
		110	Limit value = 0x01FF (511)
		111	Limit value = 0x00FF (255)
7	Reserved	0	

### 5.6.3 Lower limit of the analog value

Name:

ConfigOutput05

The lower limit value for analog values can be set in this register. If the analog value undershoots the limit value, it is frozen at this value and the corresponding error state bit is set.

Data type	Values	Information
INT	-32768 to 32767	Bus controller default setting: -32768



#### Information:

- The default value of -32768 corresponds to the minimum default value of -10 VDC.
- For current measurements, this value should be set to 0.
- When configured as 4 to 20 mA, this value can be set to -8192 (corresponds to 0 mA) in order to display values <4 mA.



## 5.6.4 Upper limit of the analog value

Name:  
ConfigOutput06

The upper limit value for analog values can be set in this register. If the analog value overshoots the limit value, it is frozen at this value and the corresponding error state bit is set.

Data type	Values	Information
INT	-32767 to 32767	Bus controller default setting: 32767



### Information:

- The default value of 32767 corresponds to the maximum default value of 20 mA or +10 VDC.

## 5.6.5 Status of the analog input

Name:  
StatusInput01

This register is used to monitor the analog input on the module. A change in the monitoring status generates an error message.

Data type	Values
USINT	See the bit structure.

Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0 - 1	Channel 1	00	No error
		01	Lower limit value exceeded
		10	Upper limit value exceeded
		11	Open line <sup>1)</sup>
2 - 7	Reserved	0	

1) Open-circuit detection does not occur during current signal measurement.

## 5.7 Analog output

The channel can be configured for the current or voltage signal. The type of signal is also determined by the terminals used.

### 5.7.1 Analog output register

Name:  
AnalogOutput01

This register is used to output the analog output value appears depending on the operating mode that is set.

Data type	Value	Information
INT	-32768 to 32767	Voltage signal -10 to 10 VDC
	0 to 32767	Current signal 0 to 20 mA

## 5.8 Configuring the analog input and output

Name:

ConfigOutput04

This register can be used to define the type and range of signal measurement.

Data type	Values	Bus controller default setting
USINT	See the bit structure.	0

Bit structure:

Bit	Description	Value	Information
0 - 1	Analog input	00	Voltage signal -10 VDC to +10 VDC (bus controller default setting)
		01	Current signal 0 mA to 20 mA
		11	Current signal 4 mA to 20 mA
2 - 3	Reserved	0	
4	Analog output	0	Voltage signal -10 VDC to +10 VDC (bus controller default setting)
		1	Current signal 0 mA to 20 mA
5 - 7	Reserved	0	

## 5.9 Minimum cycle time

The minimum cycle time specifies how far the bus cycle can be reduced without communication errors occurring. It is important to note that very fast cycles reduce the idle time available for handling monitoring, diagnostics and acyclic commands.

Minimum cycle time	
Without filtering	100 µs
With filtering	150 µs

## 5.10 Minimum I/O update time

The minimum I/O update time specifies how far the bus cycle can be reduced so that an I/O update is performed in each cycle.

Minimum I/O update time	
Digital without filtering	150 µs
Digital with filtering	200 µs
Analog without filtering	400 µs
Analog with filtering	1000 µs